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**Child and Youth Studies Institute / Institut d'études sur l'enfance et la jeunesse  
*Dakar/Senegal, 07 September/Septembre – 02 October/Octobre 2009***

**Negotiating Child and Youth Livelihoods in Africa's Urban Spaces  
Négociations des moyens d'existence des enfants et des jeunes dans  
les espaces urbains d'Afrique**

***Bibliography / Bibliographie***

**CODICE, September / Septembre 2009**

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## Introduction

The Child and Youth Studies Institute, an offshoot of the Child and Youth Studies programme, has been organized every year since 2002. It is designed to strengthen analytic capacity on all questions affecting children and youth in Africa and elsewhere in the world. The theme of the 2009 session is *“Negotiating Child and Youth Livelihoods in Africa’s Urban Spaces”*.

Within the framework of the Institute, the CODESRIA Documentation and Information Centre (CODICE) offers a number of services among which this comprehensive bibliography which contains references of various documents collected from several information sources among which its bibliographic data base. The documents are mainly in English or in French and are presented alphabetically by the author’s name.

The bibliography comprises three parts. The first part lists materials in hardcopy form. In the second part are indicated electronic full text documents downloaded from the Internet. In each entry there is a web link to the electronic document. In the third part are provided titles of journals on child and youth studies.

Specific bibliographic searches may be also done upon request.

We hope that this bibliography will be useful for your research works and we will appreciate your comments and suggestions.

### **CODICE**

L’Institut d’études sur l’enfance et la jeunesse, un des volets du Programme d’études sur l’enfance et la jeunesse, est organisé chaque année depuis 2002. Il a pour objectif de renforcer les capacités analytiques sur les problèmes des enfants et des jeunes en Afrique et ailleurs dans le monde. La session 2009 de l’Institut a pour thème «*Négociations des moyens d’existence des enfants et des jeunes dans les espaces urbains d’Afrique*».

Dans le cadre de l’Institut, le Centre de Documentation et d’Information du CODESRIA (CODICE) offre de nombreux services parmi lesquels cette importante bibliographie qui signale des références de divers documents provenant de plusieurs sources d’information parmi lesquels sa base de données bibliographiques. Les documents sont essentiellement en anglais et en français et sont présentés alphabétiquement au nom de l’auteur.

La bibliographie comprend trois parties. La première partie recense des documents sur support papier. Dans la deuxième partie sont indiqués des documents électroniques en texte intégral téléchargés à partir de l’Internet. Dans chaque notice bibliographique est mentionné le lien Internet du document électronique. Dans la troisième partie figurent des titres de revues spécialisées sur l’enfance et la jeunesse.

Des recherches spécifiques pourront être faites à la demande de chaque participant.

Nous espérons que cette bibliographie sera utile pour vos travaux de recherche et nous vous remercions d’avance de vos critiques et suggestions.

### **CODICE**

## Part I : Hard copy documents / Partie I : Documents sur support papier

### 1. ABBINK, Jon; VAN KESSEL, Ineke (eds.)

Vanguard or Vandals: Youth, Politics and Conflict in Africa  
Leiden: Brill, 2005. - ix-300 p.  
(African Dynamics, Vol. 4)  
ISBN: 90-04-14275-4

/JEUNESSE/ /POLITIQUE/ /CONFLITS/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /CONFLIT DE GENERATIONS/ /MARGINALITE/  
/AFRIQUE/ /NIGERIA/ /KENYA/ /COTE D'IVOIRE/ /SOUDAN/ /CAMEROUN/ /ERYTHREE/ /TOGO/ /SIERRA  
LEONE/ /ENFANT SOLDAT/ /ZANZIBAR/ /CORNE DE L'AFRIQUE/

/YOUTH/ /POLITICS/ /CONFLICTS/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /CONFLICT OF GENERATIONS/ /MARGINALITY/  
/AFRICA/ /NIGERIA/ /KENYA/ /COTE D'IVOIRE/ /SUDAN/ /CAMEROON/ /ERITREA/ /TOGO/ /SIERRA  
LEONE/ /CHILD SOLDIER/ /ZANZIBAR/ /HORN OF AFRICA/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/ABB/13420

### 2. ADJIBADE, Aboudou Karimon; NDAMOBISI, Robert; KOUAME, Aka; MOLOUA, Félix

L'Enfant en Centrafrique : famille, santé, scolarité, travail.  
Paris: Karthala, 2004.- 194 p.  
ISBN: 2-84586-472-8

/ENFANTS/ /PAUVRETE/ /MALNUTRITION/ /SANTE/ /SEXUALITE/ /ADOLESCENTS/ /SIDA/  
/CONTRACEPTION/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /CONDITIONS ECONOMIQUES/ /REPUBLIQUE  
CENTRAFRICAINE/

/CHILDREN/ /POVERTY/ /MALNUTRITION/ /HEALTH/ /SEXUALITY/ /ADOLESCENTS/ /AIDS/  
/CONTRACEPTION/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /ECONOMIC CONDITIONS/ /CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/ADJ/12849

### 3. AFANDE, Kumélio Koffi Ambroise

Le jeune togolais de la rue : au carrefour du droit et du non-droit  
*Recht in Afrika*, H. 1, 1998, p. 87-113.

**Résumé:** Les innovations pour améliorer la situation du jeune de la rue au Togo ne manqueraient pas. Mais la stratégie visant au renouveau du jeune de la rue est encore embryonnaire. Elle requerrait une nouvelle description du jeune de la rue et la mise en place d'une nouvelle politique d'aide. Celle-ci devrait concilier des actions dites ciblées (l'aide réintégrative fondée sur un partenariat éducatif) et des actions dites générales (la sensibilisation et les réformes visant les secteurs aussi bien informel que formel). Les limites du renouveau du jeune de la rue se signalent par les erreurs dans l'analyse du phénomène et par l'insuffisance des mesures préconisées. (Résumé ASC Leiden)

### 4. AGBU, Osita

Child Labour in Contemporary Africa: Issues and Challenges. – p. 11-20  
In: Children and Youth in the Labour Process in Africa / Edited. by Osita Agbu  
Dakar: CODESRIA, 2009.- iv-227 p.  
(CODESRIA Book Series)  
ISBN: 978-2-86978-251-8

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 13.09.02/AGB/14476

**5. AGBU, Osita (ed.)**

Children and Youth in the Labour Process in Africa  
Dakar: CODESRIA, 2009.- iv-227 p.  
(CODESRIA Book Series)  
ISBN: 978-2-86978-251-8

/TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /JEUNESSE/ /MAUVAIS TRAITEMENTS ENVERS LES ENFANTS/ /AGRICULTURE/  
/ABUS SEXUELS/ /PROSTITUTION/ /AFRIQUE/ /TRAFIC DES ENFANTS/

/CHILD LABOUR/ /YOUTH/ /CHILD ABUSE/ /AGRICULTURE/ /SEXUAL ABUSE/ /PROSTITUTION/ /AFRICA/  
/CHILD TRAFFICKING/

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**6. AGOSSOU, Thérèse (ed.)**

Regards d'Afrique sur la maltraitance  
Paris: Karthala, 2000.- 277 p.  
(Questions d'enfances)  
ISBN: 2-84586-034-X

/MAUVAIS TRAITEMENTS ENVERS LES ENFANTS/ /ABUS SEXUELS/ /DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /PROTECTION  
DE L'ENFANCE/ /EXCISION/ /MIGRATION/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /DELINQUANCE JUVENILE/ /AFRIQUE/  
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/CHILD ABUSE/ /SEXUAL ABUSE/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /CHILD WELFARE/ /EXCISION/ /PROSTITUTION/  
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/TOGO/ /MAURITANIA/ /SENEGAL/ /INFANTICIDE/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 02.04.02/AGO/12848**

**7. ALANEN, Leena; MAYALL, Berry (eds)**

Conceptualizing Child - Adult Relations  
London: Routledge, 2001. – xiii, 157 p.  
(Future of Childhood Series)  
ISBN: 0-415-23159-0

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**8. ALMEIDA-TOPOR, Hélène D'; GOERG, Odile; COQUERY-VIDROVITCH, Catherine;  
GUITARD, Françoise (eds.)**

Les jeunes en Afrique : évolution et rôle (XIXe-XXe siècles)  
Paris: Editions L'Harmattan, 1992, Tome 1.- 571 p.  
ISBN: 2-7384-1657-8

/JEUNESSE/ /DEMOGRAPHIE/ /MARIAGE/ /MARGINALITE/ /ORGANISATIONS DE JEUNESSE/ /FORMATION/  
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**9. ALMEIDA-TOPOR, Hélène D'; GOERG, Odile; COQUERY-VIDROVITCH, Catherine;  
GUITARD, Françoise (eds.)**

Les jeunes en Afrique : la politique et la ville  
Paris: Editions L'Harmattan, 1992, Tome 2.- 526 p.  
ISBN: 2-7384-1658-6

/JEUNESSE/ /POLITIQUE/ /ORGANISATIONS INTERNATIONALES/ /MOUVEMENTS ETUDIANTS/ /ETAT/  
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**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/ALM/05966**

**10. AMSSALU, Taye**

Socio-economic Factors affecting Female Child Labour and School Attendance: The Case of Menge and Komosha

Addis Ababa: Addis Ababa University, June 2004. - 97 p.

Thesis, Master of Arts, Regional and Local Development Studies, Addis Ababa University, Research and Graduate Programs Office, 2004

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**Call No.: \*\*\* 13.09.02/AMS/13154**

**11. ANKER, Christien van den (ed.)**

The Political Economy of New Slavery

New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2004. - xvi-272 p.

(Palgrave Texts in International Political Economy)

ISBN: 1-4039-1523-7

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**Call No.: \*\*\* 05.03.05/ANK/12855**

**12. ANPPCAN, Enugu**

Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the African Child

Enugu: Chuka Company Limited. – 42 p.

ISBN: 978-2582-14-X

/CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /SOCIAL WELFARE/ /CHILD CARE/ /AFRICA/ /AFRICAN CHARTER/

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**Call No.: \*\*\* 04.02.01/ANP/04308**

**13. ANSELL, Nicola**

Children, Youth and Development

London: Routledge Taylor and Francis Group, 2005. - xviii-286 p.

(Routledge Perspectives on Development)

ISBN: 0-415-28769-3

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/DEVELOPMENT STUDIES/ /CHILDHOOD STUDIES/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/ANS/13382**

**14. ANTOINE, Philippe, RAZAFINDRAKOTO, Mireille; ROUBAUD, François**

Contraints de rester jeunes ? Evolution de l'insertion dans trois capitales africaines : Dakar, Yaoundé, Antananarivo

*Autrepart*, Vol. 18, 2001, p. 17-36

**Résumé:** Victimes de la crise prolongée que traversent leurs pays, les jeunes des trois capitales africaines (Dakar, Yaoundé et Antananarivo) se trouvent contraints de reporter le calendrier des événements marquant leur entrée dans la vie adulte. Un recul de l'âge aussi bien d'accès au premier emploi rémunéré que d'autonomie résidentielle et de constitution de la famille est observé des générations aînées aux plus jeunes. Le sort de ces derniers est d'autant plus inéquitable que ni leur niveau d'éducation plus élevé, ni le fait de différer leur passage au statut d'adulte ne leur permet d'échapper à une dégradation de leurs conditions, relativement à celles connues par leurs parents, au moment de leur insertion. On assiste même à un ajustement par le bas dans la mesure où les plus éduqués chez les jeunes, au lieu d'être préservés, sont plus affectés par la détérioration du contexte économique.

**15. ANYURU, Max A.**

Uganda's Street Children

*Africa Insight*, Vol. 26, No. 3, 1996, p. 268-275

ISSN: 0256-2804

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /POLITIQUE SOCIALE/ /MILIEU URBAIN/ /TRAVAIL/ /AFRIQUE/ /OUGANDA/

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**16. APETEKAR, Louis**

Street Children in Nairobi

*Africa Insight*, Vol.26, No.3, 1996, p. 250-259

ISSN: 0256-2804

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /SEXUALITE/ /ETAT SANITAIRE/ /DESINTEGRATION FAMILIALE/ /KENYA/ /NAIROBI/

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**17. ATTOH, Franca Chitoh**

Socio Economic Factors Influencing Young Women's Vulnerability to Trafficking among Residents of Benin City, Nigeria

Lagos: University of Lagos, January 2009. - xiii-168 p.

Thesis, Ph. D, University of Lagos, Department of Sociology, School of Postgraduate Studies, January 2009

/FEMMES/ /MIGRATION FORCEE/ /SEXUALITE/ /PROSTITUTION/ /TRAVAUX FORCES/ /PAUVRETE/ /SANTE  
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SEXUEL/ /BENIN CITY/

/WOMEN/ /FORCED MIGRATION/ /SEXUALITY/ /PROSTITUTION/ /FORCED LABOUR/ /POVERTY/  
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**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.03/ATT/14500

**18. AWES, Andrew; FINCHILES-CU, Gillian**

Fear and Loathing at the Southern Tip: Violence and Teenagers in South Africa  
*Development: Journal of the Society for International Development*, No.1, 1998, p. 53-58

/PROBLEMES SOCIAUX/ /CRIME/ /MALAISE DE LA JEUNESSE/ /DELINQUENCE JUVENILE/ /SEGREGATION/  
/VIOLENCE/ /ADOLESCENTS/ /AFRIQUE DU SUD/

/SOCIAL PROBLEMS/ /CRIME/ /YOUTH UNREST/ /JUVENILE DELINQUENCY/ /VIOLENCE/ /ADOLESCENTS/  
/SOUTH AFRICA/

**19. BA, Aïssata Alpha**

Relation entre les théories du genre et les systèmes de représentation des jeunes de trois quartiers urbains  
Dakarois : Médina, Sicap Baobabs, Fann-Résidence  
Dakar: Université Cheikh Anta Diop de Dakar, 1998.- 81 p.  
Mémoire, Maîtrise, Sociologie, Université Cheikh Anta Diop de Dakar, Faculté des Lettres et Sciences  
Humaines, Département de Sociologie, 1998

/FEMMES/ /JEUNESSE/ /ROLES SEXUELS/ /SOCIETE/ /SENEGAL/ /GENRE/ /FEMINISME/ /DAKAR/

/WOMEN/ /YOUTH/ /SEX ROLES/ /SOCIETY/ /SENEGAL/ /GENDER/ /FEMINISM/ /DAKAR/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.03/BAA/11205

**20. BA, Cheikh Oumar**

Dynamiques migratoires et changements sociaux au sein des relations de genre et des rapports  
jeunes/vieux des originaires de la moyenne vallée du Fleuve Sénégal  
Dakar: Université Cheikh Anta Diop, 1996.- 295 p.  
Thèse, Doctorat 3ème Cycle, Anthropologie, Université Cheikh Anta Diop, Faculté des Lettres et Sciences  
Humaines, Département d'Anthropologie, 1996

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ECONOMIQUE/ /CONFLITS DE GENERATION/ /AFRIQUE/ /EUROPE/ /FRANCE/ /SENEGAL/ /RELATIONS DE  
GENRE/ /FLEUVE SENEGAL/

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/CONFLICT OF GENERATIONS/ /AFRICA/ /EUROPE/ /FRANCE/ /SENEGAL/ /GENDER RELATIONS/  
/SENEGAL RIVER/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.07.00/BAC/11315

**21. BAH, Boniface**

Dérives et réussite sociale en Afrique : des stratégies juvéniles à Abidjan  
Paris : L'Harmattan, 2007. - 234 p.  
(Études africaines)

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**22. BARDEM, Isabelle; GOBATO, Isabelle**

Maux d'amour, vies de femmes : sexualité et prévention du sida en milieu urbain africain  
Paris: Editions L'Harmattan, 1995.- 174 p.  
(Collection Santé et Sciences Humaines)



ISBN: 2-7384-3007-7

/PREVENTION DU SIDA/ /SEXUALITE/ /FEMMES/ /EPIDEMIOLOGIE/ /FILLES/ /SIDA/ / COMPORTEMENTS SEXUEL/ /GROSSESSE/ /PRESERVATIFS/ /PROSTITUTION/ /TRAVAILLEUSES CELIBAT/ /ZONES URBAINES/ /AFRIQUE/ /JEUNES FILLES/

/AIDS PREVENTION/ /SEXUALITY/ /WOMEN/ /EPIDEMIOLOGY/ /GIRLS/ /AIDS/ /SEXUAL BEHAVIOUR/ /PREGNANCY/ /CONDOMS/ /PROSTITUTION/ /WOMEN WORKERS/ /CELIBACY/ /URBAN AREAS/ /AFRICA/ /YOUNG GIRLS/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 15.04.04/BAR/12708**

**23. BARON, Cécile; DUGUE, Elisabeth; NIVOLLE, Patrick (eds.)**

La place des jeunes dans la cité. De l'école à l'emploi ?

Paris: L'Harmattan, 2005, Tome 1. – 299 p.

(Logiques sociales. Cahiers du griot)

ISBN: 2-7475-9268-5

/JEUNESSE/ /MILIEU SCOLAIRE/ /ABANDON DE LA SCOLARITE/ /ECOLE/ /POLITIQUE DE L'EDUCATION/ /INEGALITE SOCIALE/ /JEUNES TRAVAILLEURS/ /INJUSTICE/ /EXCLUSION PROFESSIONNELLE/ /INSERTION DES JEUNES/

/YOUTH/ /SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT/ /STUDENT DROP OUT/ /SCHOOLS/ /EDUCATIONAL POLICY/ /SOCIAL INEQUALITY/ /YOUNG WORKERS/ /INJUSTICE/ /VOCATIONAL EXCLUSION/ /YOUNG INSERTION/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/BAR/13230**

**24. BARRY, Aboubacar**

Marginalité et errance juvéniles en milieu urbain : la place de l'aide psychologique dans les dispositifs de prise en charge des enfants de la rue

*Psychopathologie africaine*, Vol. 29, No. 2, 1998/99, p. 139-190

**Résumé:** Le nombre croissant d'enfants vivant dans les rues des villes africaines semble pouvoir être relié aux transformations à l'œuvre dans les structures familiales. En effet, les raisons socio-économiques que l'on a tendance à incriminer a priori n'expliquent pas véritablement la situation de l'immense majorité d'entre eux. À travers une étude des dossiers de quelque cents jeunes pris en charge par l'Institut national d'éducation et de production de Gampéla (Burkina Faso), effectuée en 1997. L'auteur démontre que des raisons diverses paraissent prédestiner le fils aîné ou le fils unique à une présence dans les rues. Le contexte de transition, le mouvement de passage d'une forme de société à une autre, produisent des déchets familiaux liés au déficit des outils culturels de symbolisation et d'intégration, qui se mettent à errer dans les rues. La prise en compte de cette dimension du problème permettrait le réaménagement des projets de prise en charge de ces enfants, ce qui constitue la condition préalable à la mise en œuvre d'un traitement clinique pertinent de ce phénomène. (Résumé ASC Leiden)

**25. BARTLETT, Sheridan... [et al.]**

Cities for Children: Children's Rights, Poverty and Urban Management

UNICEF, United Nations Children's Fund

London: Earthscan, 1999. - xiii-305 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**26. BASS, Loretta E.**

Child Labor in Sub-Saharan Africa

Boulder, CO: Lynne Rienner Publishers, 2004. – xii-213 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**27. BAZONZI, José Mvuzolo**

Problématique de la prostitution infanto-juvénile à Kinshasha : cas des Tshel. – p. 175-195

In: *Children and Youth in the Labour Process in Africa* / Edited. by Osita Agbu

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2009. - iv-227 p.

(CODESRIA Book Series)

ISBN: 978-2-86978-251-8

**Call No.: \*\*\* 13.09.02/AGB/14476**

**28. BEDAY--HAUSER, Pierrette; BOLZMAN, Claudio (eds.)**

On est né quelque part mais on peut vivre ailleurs: familles, migrations, cultures et travail social

Genève: Les Editions IES, Octobre 1997.- 424 p.

(Champs Professionnels, No. 24)

ISBN: 2-88224-043-0

/MIGRATION/ /FAMILLE/ /CULTURE/ /MOBILITE SOCIALE/ /MIGRANTS/ /TRAVAIL SOCIAL/  
/TRAVAILLEURS SOCIAUX/ /VIOLENCE CONTRE LES FEMMES/ /PROTECTION DE LA FAMILLE/ /DROITS DE  
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/MIGRATION/ /FAMILY/ /CULTURE/ /SOCIAL MOBILITY/ /MIGRANTS/ /SOCIAL WORK/ /SOCIAL WORKERS/  
/VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN/ /FAMILY WELFARE/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /EDUCATION/ /CHILD ABUSE/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.07.01/BED/12134**

**29. BENGA, Ndiouga A.**

Entre Jérusalem et Babylone: jeunes et espace public à Dakar

*Autrepart*, No. 18, 2001, p. 169-178

**Résumé:** Nous nous proposons d'analyser deux situations qui se déroulent de manière enchevêtrée, urbanité de la revanche et du défi et invention d'un nouvel ordre urbain: – la violence comme espace audible et lieu d'affirmation identitaire (insécurité dans la métropole dakaroise, "réflexe nationaliste" tendant à mettre l'étranger dans une situation mineure); – la créativité artistique : la peinture murale et la musique ont été le champ de recomposition de l'espace public comme lieu pluriel de sociabilité. Le rap, notamment, a été non seulement un mode de revendication contre toute forme d'étouffement et de bâilonnement mais aussi un point d'ancrage des jeunes qui ont autant besoin de références que de réponses liées à la société dans laquelle ils vivent pour y trouver un équilibre.

**30. BEQUELE, Assefa; BOYDEN, Jo (eds.)**

Combating Child Labour

Geneva: ILO, 1988. - 226 p.

ISBN: 92-2-106388-7

/CHILD LABOUR/ /WORKING CONDITIONS/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /LABOUR POLICY/ /NATIONAL POLICY/  
/EGYPT/ /COLOMBIA/ /PERU/ /PHILIPPINES/ /INDIA/ /BRAZIL/ /KENYA/

/TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /CONDITIONS DE TRAVAIL/ /ENFANTS DE LA RUE/ /POLITIQUE DU TRAVAIL/  
/POLITIQUE NATIONALE/ /EGYPTE/ /COLOMBIE/ /PEROU/ /PHILIPPINES/ /INDE/ /BRESIL/ /KENYA/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 13.09.02/BEQ/05278**

**31. BERLAN, Amanda**

Child Labour and Cocoa: Whose Voices Prevail?

*International Journal of Sociology and Social Policy*, Vol. 29, Issue 3, 2009, p. 141-151

**Abstract:** Purpose – The purpose of this paper is to provide ethnographic data on the lives of children working in cocoa-producing communities in Ghana and to illustrate the importance of contextualisation in understanding the phenomenon of child labour.

Design/methodology/approach – The paper is based on anthropological fieldwork carried out in Ghana using participant observation and child-focused participatory research methods. It also includes an analysis of media sources and policy documents.

Findings – It shows that the children involved in this study worked freely and willingly on family cocoa farms. It also shows that research and interventions must be context-based and child-centred as forms of child labour in cocoa are not uniform across West Africa.

Research limitations/implications – Unfortunately, the scope of the paper does not allow for a discussion of recent interventions and progress relating to child labour in the West African cocoa industry.

Originality/value – This paper challenges many of the assumptions made about child labour in cocoa and offers new insights into the lives of children in these communities.

### **32. BIA YA, Tshikala K.**

Enfant en situation de conflit armé et de violence urbaine : bibliographie annotée et signalétique

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2002.- 63 p.

(Série des Monographies)

ISBN: 2-86978-118-0

/ENFANTS/ /GUERRE/ /VIOLENCE/ /BIBLIOGRAPHIES ANNOTEES/ /VIOLENCE URBAINE/ /VIOLENCE ARMEE/ /BIBLIOGRAPHIES DESCRIPTIVES/

/CHILDREN/ /WAR/ /VIOLENCE/ /ANNOTED BIBLIOGRAPHIES/ /URBAN VIOLENCE/ /ARMED VIOLENCE/ /DESCRIPTIVE BIBLIOGRAPHIES/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/BIA/12659

### **33. BIA YA, Tshikala K.**

Les jeunes, la violence et la rue à Kinshasa : entendre, comprendre, décrire

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2000.- 40 p.

(Série Nouvelles Pistes, No.1/2000)

/JEUNESSE/ /VIOLENCE/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /CONGO RD/ /KINSHASA/

/YOUTH/ /VIOLENCE/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /CONGO DR/ /KINSHASA/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/BIA/12954

### **34. BIA YA, Tshikala**

Young and Street Culture in Urban Africa, Addis Ababa, Dakar and Kinshasa. – p. 215-228

In: Makers and Breakers: Children & Youth in Postcolonial Africa / edited by Alcinda Honwana and Filip De Boeck

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2005. – xii-244 p.

ISBN: 0-85255-434-6

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/HON/13218

### **35. BIEL, Melha Rout**

African Kids: between Warlords, Child Soldiers and Living on the Street. Causes, Effects and Solution: the Cases of Sudan, Uganda, Zambia and Kenya

Frankfurt am Main: Peter Lang, 2004. – 95 p.

ISBN: 3-631-52899-X

/ENFANTS/ /JEUNESSE/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /SIDA/ /DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /CONFLITS/ /GUERRE CIVILE/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /MAUVAIS TRAITEMENT ENVERS LES ENFANTS/ /ENFANT SOLDAT/

/AFRIQUE/ /KENYA/ /SOUDAN/ /ZAMBIE/ /OUGANDA/

/CHILDREN/ /YOUTH/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /AIDS/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /CONFLICTS/ / CIVIL WAR/  
/CHILD LABOUR/ /CHILD ABUSE/ /CHILD SOLDIER/ /AFRICA/ /KENYA/ /SUDAN/ /ZAMBIA/ /UGANDA/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/BIE/13772

**36. BLACK, Maggie**

Taking Children Seriously: The Rise of the Children's Cause

*Development: Journal of the Society for International Development*, No. 1, 1995, p. 23 - 26

/DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /CONVENTIONS/ /AIDE A L'ENFANT/ /DEVELOPPEMENT ECONOMIQUE ET SOCIAL/  
/PROBLEMES SOCIAUX/ /PAUVRETE/

/CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /CONVENTIONS/ /CHILD CARE/ /ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT/ /SOCIAL  
PROBLEMS/ /POVERTY/

**37. BOISSIEU, Arnaud de**

Jeunes des rues de Tanzania : une vie par jour, entre l'eau et le feu

Paris: Karthala, 2001.- 131 p.

(Chrétiens en liberté)

ISBN: 2-94586-191-5

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /PRISON/ /SIDA/ /JEUNESSE/ /PROTECTION DE L'ENFANCE/ /TANZANIE/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /PRISON/ /AIDS/ /YOUTH/ /CHILD WELFARE/ /TANZANIA/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 02.04.02/BOI/12847

**38. BOLIN, Inge**

Growing up in a Culture of Respect: Child Rearing in Highland Peru

Austin: University of Texas Press, 2006. – xv-214 p.

ISBN: 0-292-71298-7

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**39. BONNET, Michel**

Le Travail des enfants en Afrique

*Revue Internationale du Travail*, Vol. 132, No. 3, 1993, p. 411-430

/TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /RECESSION ECONOMIQUE/ /PAUVRETE/ /ECOLES/ /SECTEUR INFORMEL/  
/ZONES RURALES/ /ZONES URBAINES/ /LEGISLATION/ /CRISE DE L'ENSEIGNEMENT/ /APPRENTISSAGE/  
/CODE DU TRAVAIL/ /AFRIQUE/

/CHILD LABOUR/ /ECONOMIC RECESSION/ /POVERTY/ /SCHOOLS/ /INFORMAL SECTOR/ /RURAL AREAS/  
/URBAN AREAS/ /LEGISLATION/ /EDUCATIONAL CRISIS/ APPRENTICESHIP/ /LABOUR CODE/ /AFRICA/

**40. BOP, Codou**

Les Laissés-pour-compte

*Vie et Santé*, No. 3, Avril 1990, p. 27-29

/MALAISE DE LA JEUNESSE/ /ENFANTS ABANDONNES/ /PROSTITUTION/ /DROGUE/

/YOUTH UNREST/ /ABANDONED CHILDREN/ /PROSTITUTION/ /DRUG OF ABRISE/

**41. BOURDILLON, Michael F.C. ; PFIGU, Tinashe**

Child Domestic Workers in Zimbabwe  
Harare: Weaver Press, 2006. – x-116 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**42. BOURDILLON, Michael**

Enfants et travail: examen des conceptions et débats actuels  
*Alternatives Sud*, Vol. 16, 2009, p. 37- 69

**Résumé :** La problématique du travail des enfants reste controversée. L'examen de la littérature scientifique, des conventions internationales et des positions des acteurs le confirment. Si une certaine conception libérale de l'enfance tend à la considérer comme un âge à soustraire du monde des adultes, un point de vue plus ancré socialement insiste sur les bénéfices pour les enfants d'un travail approprié à leur âge et compatible avec l'école.

**43. BOURDILLON, Michael; RUREVO, Rumbidzai (eds)**

Girls on the street  
Harare: Weaver Press, 2003. - 60 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**44. BOURDILLON, Michael; WHITE, Ben; MYERS, William E.**

Re-assessing Minimum-age Standards for Children's Work  
*International Journal of Sociology and Social Policy*, Vol. 29, Issue 3, 2009, p. 106-117)

**Abstract:** Purpose – The purpose of this paper is to call for re-thinking of the universal minimum-age approach to problems of child labour.

Design/methodology/approach – The authors point out that there has been no serious policy analysis on universal minimum-age approaches, and question common assumptions concerning such policies by reviewing available knowledge on the impact of work on children.

Findings – Available research does not support a presumption that blanket minimum-age laws are beneficial. In some cases, it is clear that they are injurious to children, underlining the need for systematic policy analysis.

Practical implications – The promotion of universalized minimum-age policies should cease until their effect on children has been reliably assessed. In the meantime, more energy and investment should be devoted to alternative, proven ways of combating forms and conditions of work that are genuinely likely to cause harm, and to promoting access to education.

Originality/value – This paper contributes towards introducing more appropriate policy on children's work.

**45. BOURDILLON, Michael F.C. ; HEBINCK , Paulus Gerardus Maria (eds)**

Women, Men and Work: Rural Livelihoods in South-eastern Zimbabwe  
Harare: Weaver Press, 2001. - 168 p.

**Abstract:** Chapter 1 (by Paul Hebinck and Michael Bourdillon) of this collective volume on rural livelihoods in southeastern Zimbabwe discusses the concept of livelihood. Ch. 2 (by Jackie Mangoma and Michael Bourdillon) examines the work children do within poor households in Biriwiri in Chimanimani District. Ch. 3 (by Rekopantswe Mate) shows how women and children sometimes suffer because a development project - in this case the Chipiwa Sugar Out-Grower Scheme - is placed under the control of men. Chapters 4 and 5 (by Paradzayi Pathias Bongo, and Stephen Buzuzi and Michael Bourdillon, respectively) explore the tension between conserving the natural environment and making money from it through, respectively, bark-fibre craft in Biriwiri, and trading in tree products in Nyanyadzi. Ch. 6 (by Ishmael Magaisa) shows how women seek to alleviate poverty by selling their sexual services (case of Birchenough Bridge rural service centre). Chapters 7 and 8 (by Stanford Mahati and Michael Bourdillon, and Rose Machiridza and Emmanuel Manzungu, respectively) demonstrate how new technologies for processing foods fail to take account of

local needs, and how their usefulness is consequently diminished, through case studies of millet processing by women in Nyamadzawo village, and small-scale food processors in Rusitu Valley and Murewa. (ASC Leiden abstract)

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**46. BOYDEN, Jo**

Social and Cultural Meanings of Childhood

*Development: Journal of the Society for International Development*, No. 1, 1996, p. 18-22

/ENFANCE/ /DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /ENFANTS/ /CONVENTIONS/ /THEORIE/ /NORMES SOCIALES/  
/IDENTITE CULTURELLE/

/CHILDHOOD/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /CHILDREN/ /CONVENTIONS/ /THEORY/ /SOCIAL NORMS/  
/CULTURAL IDENTITY/

**47. BRAY, Rachel**

Predicting the Social Consequences of Orphanhood in South Africa

*African Journal of AIDS Research*, Vol. 2, No. 1, 2003, p. 39-55

**Abstract:** This paper examines and questions the predictions found in the academic and policy literature of social breakdown in southern Africa in the wake of anticipated high rates of orphanhood caused by the AIDS epidemic. Analysis of the logic underlying these predictions reveals four causal relationships necessary to fulfil such dramatic and apocalyptic predictions:

- 1) High AIDS mortality rates will produce high numbers of orphans.
- 2) These orphans will become children who do not live in appropriate social environments to equip them for adult citizenship.
- 3) Poor socialization will mean that children orphaned by AIDS will not live within society's moral codes (becoming, for example, street children or juvenile delinquents).
- 4) Large numbers of such 'asocial' or 'antisocial' children will precipitate a breakdown in the social fabric.

Evidence for each of these steps in the argument is scrutinized using available data from southern Africa and other regions that have moved further through the epidemic's cycle. The paper finds strong evidence for the first step, although variable definitions of 'orphan' make it difficult to draw accurate comparisons over time and space. Evidence for the second step is found to be mixed in terms of outcomes of AIDS orphanhood for child well-being. Moreover the argument takes little account of the social and economic environments onto which AIDS is mapped, including the economic fragility of households and pervading socio-cultural patterns of child rearing. Data to substantiate the third step are anecdotal at best and no research is able to demonstrate a link between the long-term effects of AIDS orphanhood and rising rates of juvenile delinquency. Arguments made towards the fourth step are shown to be based heavily on notions of the 'correct' social and physical environments for children and on unsubstantiated fears of alternatives to these. There is no evidence from countries where numbers of AIDS orphans are already high to suggest that their presence is precipitating social breakdown. The paper argues – somewhat provocatively- that such apocalyptic predictions are unfounded and ill-considered.

By misrepresenting the problems faced by children and their families, attention is distracted from the multiple layers of social, economic and psychological disadvantage that affect individual children, families and communities. Consequently, insufficient consideration is given to the multi-faceted supports necessary to assist children to cope with extremely difficult circumstances brought about over the long term by the HIV/AIDS epidemic.

**48. BULU, Léon Tsambu**

Enfants et jeunes dans le métier de la danse au sein des groupes musicaux modernes à Kinshasa. – p. 197-223

In: *Children and Youth in the Labour Process in Africa* / Edited. by Osita Agbu

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2009. - iv-227 p.

(CODESRIA Book Series)  
ISBN: 978-2-86978-251-8  
**Call No.: \*\*\* 13.09.02/AGB/14476**

**49. BURR, Rachel**

Vietnam's Children in a Changing World  
New Brunswick, N.J.: Rutgers University Press, 2006. – x-247 p.  
(The Rutgers Series in Childhood Studies)  
ISBN : 0-8135-3796-7  
**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**50. CAIRNS (eds)**

Children and Political Violence  
Oxford: Blackwell Publishers, 1996. - x-219 p.  
(Understanding Children's Worlds)  
ISBN: 1-55786-351-2

/ENFANTS/ /VIOLENCE/ /GUERRE/ /CONFLITS POLITIQUES/ /PSYCHOLOGIE/ /AGGRESSION/ /PAIX/  
/VIOLENCE POLITIQUE/ /STRESS/ /DEVELOPPEMENT MORAL/

/CHILDREN/ /VIOLENCE/ /WAR/ /POLITICAL CONFLICTS/ /PSYCHOLOGY/ /AGGRESSION/ /PEACE/  
/POLITICAL VIOLENCE/ /STRESS/ /MORAL DEVELOPMENT/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/CAI/13385**

**51. CALLU, Elisabeth; JURMAND, Jean-Pierre; VULBEAU, Alain (eds)**

La Place des jeunes dans la cité. Espace de rue, espaces de parole  
Paris: L'Harmattan, 2005, Tome 2.- 322 p.  
(Logiques sociales : Cahiers du griot)  
ISBN: 2-7475-9273-1

/JEUNESSE/ /PROBLEMES SOCIAUX/ /CONDITIONS DE VIE/ /HABITAT/ /EDUCATION/ /ECOLES/  
/CULTURE/ /EMPLOI/ /JUSTICE SOCIALE/ /POLITIQUE DE L'EMPLOI/ /INSERTION DES JEUNES/  
/EXCLUSION PROFESSIONNELLE/

/YOUTH/ /SOCIAL PROBLEMS/ /LIVING CONDITIONS/ /HABITAT/ /EDUCATION/ /SCHOOLS/ /CULTURE/  
/EMPLOYMENT/ /SOCIAL JUSTICE/ /EMPLOYMENT POLICY/ /YOUNG INSERTION/ /VOCATIONAL  
EXCLUSION/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/CAL/13231**

**52. CHARLES, Joseph Okokon; CHARLES, Arit O.**

Family and Child Labour: A Study of Child Hawkers in Calabar  
*Journal of Social Development in Africa*, Vol. 19, No. 2, 2004, p. 113-133

**Abstract:** The article discussed hawking as a variant of child labour and examined the relationship between hawking and economic background of families in Calabar metropolis. Using historical, descriptive and survey research the researchers interviewed 700 child hawkers from the ages 1–16+ years in six clusters in Calabar. The study found that, although child labour has a long history in Calabar in particular and Efikland in general, child hawking as a variant of child labour is a product of the circumstance that emanate from economic hardships since the last quarter of the twentieth century. Although hawking begins at school age, there is a higher concentration of child hawkers in late primary and early secondary school classes than in early primary and late secondary school classes. Hawking is an ordered and organized activity which thrives among low-income parents and guardians as a coping strategy. Child hawking is a socialization process which prepares the child for adult economic life. It provides child-to-child learning and training for skill

development. Child hawking becomes exploitative when it attracts stringent negative sanctions; otherwise it is like any other "child service" to a family that is in need of such assistance.

**53. CHATTERTON, Paul ; HOLLANDS, Robert**

Urban Nightscapes: Youth Cultures, Pleasure Spaces and Corporate Power  
London; New York: Routledge, 2003. – xiv-285 p.

(Critical Geographies; 18)

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**54. CHAWLA, Louise**

Growing Up in an Urbanizing World  
Earthscan Publications Ltd, 2002. - 260 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**55. CHERNOFF, John M.**

Hustling is not Stealing: Stories of an African Bar Girl  
Chicago: The University of Chicago Press, 2003. - 480 p.  
ISBN: 0-226-10352-8

/FEMMES/ /CONDITIONS SOCIALES/ /AFRIQUE/ /GHANA/ /TOGO/ /BURKINA FASO/

/WOMEN/ /SOCIAL CONDITIONS/ /AFRICA/ /GHANA/ /TOGO/ /BURKINA FASO/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.03/CHE/13769**

**56. COLLIGNON, René ; DIOUF, Mamadou (eds)**

Les jeunes : hantise de l'espace public dans les sociétés du Sud?  
Bondy : IRD; La Tour d'Algues : Editions de l'aube, 2001.- 193 p.  
(Autrepart, ISSN: 1278-3986; No. 18, 2001)

**57. COMAROFF, Jean; COMAROFF, John**

Reflections on Youth from the Past to the Postcolony. – p. 19-30

In: Makers and Breakers: Children & Youth in Postcolonial Africa / Edited by Alcinda Honwana and Filip De Boeck

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2005. – xii-244 p.

ISBN: 0-85255-434-6

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/HON/13218**

**58. COMBIER, Annick**

Les enfants de la rue en Mauritanie : l'initiative de Nouakchott

Paris: L'Harmattan, 1994.- 207 p.

ISBN: 2-7384-2386-8

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /CONDITIONS DE VIE/ /DROGUES/ /PROSTITUTION/ /PRISON/ /MORT/ /TRAVAIL  
DES ENFANTS/ /FORMATION PROFESSIONNELLE/ /MAURITANIE/ /VOL/ /NOUAKCHOTT/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /LIVING CONDITIONS/ /DRUGS OF ABUSE/ /PROSTITUTION/ /PRISON/ /DEATH/  
/CHILD LABOUR/ /VOCATIONAL TRAINING/ /MAURITANIA/ /THEFT/ /NOUAKCHOTT/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 02.04.02/COM/13236**

**59. COPPIETERS' WALLANT, Renaud**

Jeunesse marginalisée, espoir de l'Afrique : un juge des enfants témoigne

Paris: L'Harmattan, 1992.- 188 p.

ISBN: 2-7384-1259-9



/JEUNESSE/ /MARGINALITE/ /DELINQUANCE JUVENILE/ /CRIMINALITE/ /PROSTITUTION/ /DROGUES/  
/AFRIQUE/ /VOL/ /MENDICITE/ /VAGABONDAGE/

/YOUTH/ /MARGINALITY/ /JUVENILE DELINQUENCY/ /CRIME/ /PROSTITUTION/ /DRUGS OF ABUSE/  
/AFRICA/ /THEFT/ /BEGGING/ /WANDERING/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/COP/13288**

**60. COSTA LEITE, Ligia**

Les enfants des rues du Brésil : mythes et idéologies, XVIe - XXe siècles  
Paris: L'Harmattan, 2003.- 208 p.  
(Recherches Amériques Latines)  
ISBN: 2-7475-5327-2

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /IDEOLOGIES/ /MYTHOLOGIE/ /RELIGION/ /MOYENS DE COMMUNICATION/  
/FAMILLE/ /LIBERTE/ /BRESIL/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /IDEOLOGIES/ /MYTHOLOGY/ /RELIGION/ /MEDIA/ /FAMILY/ /FREEDOM/ /BRAZIL/

**CALL NO.: \*\*\* 02.04.02/COS/13233**

**61. COUAO-ZOTTI, Ludovic A.**

Le phénomène 'Vidomégon': une autre forme de trafic d'enfant dans la ville de Cotonou. – p. 111-132  
In: *Children and Youth in the Labour Process in Africa* / Edited. by Osita Agbu  
Dakar: CODESRIA, 2009. - iv-227 p.  
(CODESRIA Book Series)  
ISBN: 978-2-86978-251-8

**Call No.: \*\*\* 13.09.02/AGB/14476**

**62. COURADE, Georges (eds.)**

L'Afrique des idées reçues  
Paris: Belin, 2006.- 399 p.  
(Mappemonde)  
ISBN: 978-2-7011-4321-7

/SOUS-DEVELOPPEMENT/ /RESSOURCES NATURELLES/ /CORRUPTION/ /SIDA/ /MIGRATION/  
/DEBOISEMENT/ /ESCLAVAGE/ /GUERRE/ /ETHNICITE/ /ETAT/ /DEMOCRATIE/ /PAUVRETE/  
/AGRICULTURE/ /PAYSANNERIE/ /ACCROISSEMENT DE LA POPULATION/ /JEUNESSE/ /ENFANTS DES  
RUES/ /ECONOMIE OCCULTE/ /INDUSTRIALISATION/ /INTERNET/ /DECENTRALISATION/ /AFRIQUE/

/UNDERDEVELOPMENT/ /NATURAL RESOURCES/ /CORRUPTION/ /AIDS/ /MIGRATION/ /DEFORESTATION/  
/SLAVERY/ /WAR/ /ETHNICITY/ /STATE/ /DEMOCRACY/ /POVERTY/ /AGRICULTURE/ /PEASANTRY/  
/POPULATION GROWTH/ /YOUTH/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /HIDDEN ECONOMY/ /INDUSTRIALIZATION/  
/INTERNET/ /DECENTRALIZATION/ /AFRICA/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 03.02.03/COU/14049**

**63. CUNNIEN, Keith A; ROGERS, Nicole Martin; MORTIMER, Jeylan T.**

Adolescent Work Experience and Self-efficacy  
*International Journal of Sociology and Social Policy*, Vol. 29, Issue 3, 2009, p. 164-175

**Abstract:** Purpose – The purpose of this paper is to assess the relationship between high school work experiences and self-efficacy.

Design/methodology/approach – Ordinary least squares regressions are applied to longitudinal data from the Youth Development Study to examine work experiences and self-efficacy.

Findings – The analyses indicate that employment fosters self-efficacy in multiple realms. Occasional and sporadic workers exhibit less self-efficacy than steady workers. Supervisory support may be especially important in enhancing adolescents' confidence as they anticipate their future family lives, community participation, personal health and economic achievements.

Research limitations/implications – This research includes only a small set of the work dimensions that may be important for adolescents. Ethnography and in-depth interviews are recommended to further explore the subjective and emotional dimensions of youth work experiences.

Practical implications – In developing policies and guidance, educators, parents and employers should be aware that steady employment and supervisory support enhance the development of adolescent self-efficacy.

Originality/value – This paper finds evidence that adolescent work experiences spill over to influence youth's developing confidence in the realms of family life, community and personal health.

It also suggests that sporadic and occasional work patterns can impair the development of self efficacy in adolescence.

**64. DALLAPE, Fabio**

Enfants de la rue, enfants perdus ? Une expérience à Nairobi  
Dakar: ENDA, Août 1990.- 183 p.  
(Série Etudes et Recherche / ENDA, No. 128)

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /SANTE/ /EDUCATION/ /ORGANISATIONS NON-GOUVERNEMENTALES/ /PROBLEMES SOCIAUX/ /DROGUES/ /MALTRAITEMENT D'ENFANTS/ /ENFANTS PERDUS/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /HEALTH/ /EDUCATION/ /NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS/ /SOCIAL PROBLEMS/ /DRUGS OF ABUSE/ /CHILD ABUSE/ /LOST CHILDREN/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.04.03/DAL/06469

**65. DAVIES, Matthew**

A Childish Culture? Shared Understandings, Agency and Intervention: an Anthropological Study of Street children in Northwest Kenya  
*Childhood. A Global Journal of Child Research*, Vol. 15, No. 3, 2008, p. 309-330

**Abstract:** Street children in Makutano, northwest Kenya, form strong, stable social groups. Group activity functions through a well-defined structure involving leadership and close personal and economic relationships. This article shows how group solidarity is maintained through the sharing of a common subculture of spatial understandings, games, activities, dress, language and bodily actions. Through the group, the children experience a quality of life that negates the validity of common interventionist strategies. Moreover, given their high levels of competency, policies for working with these street children should be based on dialogue and should act to empower them through expanding the choices available to them.

**66. DAWES, Andrew; DONALD, David (eds)**

Childhood and Adversity: Psychological Perspectives from South African Research  
Claremont: David Philip, 1994. – 274 p.  
ISBN: 0864862644

/ENFANCE/ /SEGREGATION RACIALE/ /PAUVRETE/ /ASPECTS PSYCHOLOGIQUES/ /MALNUTRITION/ /VIOLENCE POLITIQUE/ /ABUS SEXUEL/ /DEVELOPPEMENT PSYCHOLOGIQUE/ /AFRIQUE DU SUD/

/CHILDHOOD/ /RACIAL SEGREGATION/ /POVERTY/ /PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECTS/ /MALNUTRITION/ /POLITICAL VIOLENCE/ /SEXUAL ABUSE/ /PSYCHOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT/ /SOUTH AFRICA/

**CALL NO.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/DAW/11879

**67. DAWES, Andrew; FINCHILES-CU, Gillian**

Fear and Loathing at the Southern Tip: Violence and Teenagers in South Africa  
*Development: Journal of the Society for International Development*, No.1, 1998, p. 53 - 58

/PROBLEMES SOCIAUX/ /CRIME/ /MALAISE DE LA JEUNESSE/ /DELINQUENCE JUVENILE/ /SEGREGATION/  
/VIOLENCE/ /ADOLESCENTS/ /AFRIQUE DU SUD/

/SOCIAL PROBLEMS/ /CRIME/ /YOUTH UNREST/ /JUVENILE DELINQUENCY/ /SEGREGATION/ /VIOLENCE/  
/ADOLESCENTS/ /SOUTH AFRICA/

**68. DE WAAL, Alex; ARGENTI, Nicolas (eds)**

Young Africa: Realizing the Rights of Children and Youth  
Trenton: Africa World Press, 2002. - xiv-284 p.  
ISBN: 0-86543-842-0

/CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /YOUTH/ /CHILD SURVIVAL/ /WAR/ /MILITARISM/ /AIDS/ /HIV/ /RELIGION/

/DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /JEUNESSE/ /SURVIE INFANTILE/ /GUERRE/ /MILITARISME/ /SIDA/ /VIH/  
/RELIGION/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 04.02.01/DEW/12707**

**69. DELAGRANGE, Gilbert**

Comment protéger l'enfant ? Protection, éducation, répression  
Paris: Karthala, 2004.- 249 p.  
(Questions d'enfances)  
ISBN: 2-84586-435-3

/PROTECTION DE L'ENFANCE/ /PARENTS/ /EDUCATION/ /IMMIGRATION/ /ABUS SEXUELS/ /SERVICES DE  
PRISE EN CHARGE DES ENFANTS/ /MAUVAIS TRAITEMENTS ENVERS LES ENFANTS/ /SERVICES SOCIAUX/  
/FAMILLE/

/CHILD WELFARE/ /PARENTS/ /EDUCATION/ /IMMIGRATION/ /SEXUAL ABUSE/ /CHILD CARE SERVICES/  
/CHILD ABUSE/ /SOCIAL SERVICES/ /FAMILY/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 02.05.03/DEL/12844**

**70. DIMITRIADIS, Greg**

Studying Urban Youth Culture Primer: Primer  
Peter Lang Primers, 2007. – 166 p.  
**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**71. DIOP, Momar Coumba (ed.)**

Pauvreté, jeunes de la rue et sida : les cas d'Abidjan et d'Accra = Poverty, Street Children and Aids : the  
Case Studies of Abidjan and Accra  
Paris: Karthala, 2002.- 126 p.  
(Collection Questions d'enfances)  
ISBN: 2-84586-306-3

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /PAUVRETE/ /VILLES/ /SIDA/ /MALADIES SEXUELLEMENT TRANSMISSIBLES/  
/RISQUES SANITAIRES/ /PAUVRETE URBAINE/ /COTE D'IVOIRE/ /GHANA/ /ABIDJAN/ /ACCRA/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /POVERTY/ /TOWNS/ /AIDS/ /SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES/ /HEALTH  
HAZARDS/ /URBAN POVERTY/ /COTE D'IVOIRE/ /GHANA/ /ABIDJAN/ /ACCRA/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 02.04.02/DIO/13263**

**72. DIOP, Moustapha**

Analyse des conditions de vie des enfants en situation difficile : cas des talibés mendiants à Grand Yoff  
Dakar: Ecole Nationale d'Economie Appliquée, 2008.- 81 p.

Mémoire, Diplôme de Médiateur Pédagogique, Ecole Nationale d'Economie Appliquée, Département  
Education, Animation du Développement, 2008

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/EDUCATION/ /ISLAM/ /MENDICITE/ /GRAND YOFF/ /SENEGAL/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /LIVING CONDITIONS/ /HYGIENE/ /SAFETY/ /HEALTH/ /INFECTIOUS DISEASES/  
/EDUCATION/ /ISLAM/ /BEGGING/ /GRAND YOFF/ /SENEGAL/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* **02.04.02/DIO/14496**

**73. DOLBY, Nadine E.**

Constructing Race: Youth, Identity and Popular Culture in South Africa  
New York: State University of New York Press, 2001. – 156 p.

(SUNY series, Power, Social Identity and Education)

ISBN: 0-7914-5082-1

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INTERETHNIQUES/ /CULTURE POPULAIRE/ /AFRIQUE DU SUD/ /IDENTITE RACIALE/

/YOUTH/ /SOCIAL CONDITIONS/ /RACE RELATIONS/ /CULTURAL IDENTITY/ /INTERETHNIC RELATIONS/  
/FOLK CULTURE/ /SOUTH AFRICA/ /RACIAL IDENTITY/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* **14.02.02/DOL/13378**

**74. DORAY, Bernard**

Toxicomanies et lien social en Afrique : les interdits de la modernité

Paris: L'Harmattan, 1994.- 245 p.

(Santé, Sociétés et Cultures)

ISBN: 2-7384-2194-6

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/DRUG ADDICTION/ /DRUGS OF ABUSE/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /TOXICOLOGY/ /AFRICA/ /BENIN/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* **02.04.02/DOR/13267**

**75. DRISKELL, David**

Creating Better Cities with Children and Youth: A Manual for Participation

Earthscan Publications Ltd, 2002. – 140 p.

ISBN-10: 1853838535 / ISBN-13: 978-1853838538

**76. DROZ, Yvan**

Street Children and the Work Ethic New Policy for an Old Moral, Nairobi (Kenya)

*Childhood. A Global Journal of Child Research*, Vol. 13, No. 3, 2006, p. 349-363

**Abstract:** Kenyan policy-makers use the language of children's rights to legitimize, within the new global political order, an old colonial concern about controlling the urban marginal population. The local business community's worries about the safety of Nairobi's streets stand paramount, while the growing financial and political leverage of NGOs interfering in local affairs in the name of street children's rights is looked upon with suspicion. Accusing the abstract universalism of the language of children's rights of being incompatible with local values, the local political elite seeks to muster support by offering an alternative version based on the local Kikuyu ethos of the 'accomplished man'. This version sits well with international development

agencies' abandonment of the term 'street children' in favour of 'street families'. Deportation and forced labour of children and youth are sanctified as moral imperatives expected to restore the meaning of family to its rightful place in the local business morale.

**77. DUBE, L.; KAMVURA, L; BOURDILLON, MFC**

Working with Street Boys in Harare  
*Africa Insight*, Vol. 26, No. 3, 1996, p. 260-267  
ISSN: 0256-2804

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /FAMILLE/ /PAUVRETE/ /TRAVAIL/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /ZIMBABWE/ /HARARE/  
/STREET CHILDREN/ /FAMILY/ /POVERTY/ /LABOUR/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /ZIMBABWE/ /HARARE/

**78. EKPO-OTU, Mfom Umoren**

Getting Them Young: Child labour in Ikot Ekpene from a Historical Perspective. – p. 21-34  
In: Children and Youth in the Labour Process in Africa / Edited. by Osita Agbu  
Dakar: CODESRIA, 2009.- iv-227 p.  
(CODESRIA Book Series)  
ISBN: 978-2-86978-251-8  
**Call No.: \*\*\* 13.09.02/AGB/14476**

**79. ENDA-TIERS-MONDE, Dakar**

Enfants en recherche et en action: une alternance africaine d'animation urbaine  
Dakar: Enda-Editions, 1995.- 250 p.  
(Série Etudes et Recherches / Enda, No. 181-182-1983)  
ISBN: 92-9130-012-8

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/TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /VILLES/ /ANIMATION URBAINE/ /AFRIQUE/

/CHILDREN/ /SOCIAL PROBLEMS/ /TRAINING PROGRAMMES/ /RESEARCH/ /MOTIVATION/ /CHILD  
LABOUR/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /TOWNS/ /URBAN ANIMATION/ /AFRICA/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/END/08638**

**80. ENDA-TIERS-MONDE, Dakar**

Voix des enfants d'Afrique : travail, forcé et organisation des enfants et jeunes travailleurs  
Dakar: Enda-Editions, 1999.- 148 p.  
(Série Etudes et Recherches / Enda, No. 200-201)  
ISBN: 92-9130021-7

/ENFANTS/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /JEUNES TRAVAILLEURS/ /DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /ORGANISATIONS  
DES ENFANTS/

/CHILDREN/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /YOUNG WORKERS/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /CHILDREN'S ORGANIZATIONS/  
**CALL NO.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/END/12535**

**81. ERIKSON, Erik H.**

Identity and the Life Cycle  
New York: W.W.Norton and Company, 1980. – 191 p.  
ISBN: 0-393-31132-5

/JEUNESSE/ /PSYCHOLOGY/ /CYCLE DE VIE/ /PSYCHANALYSE/ /CRISE D'ADOLESCENT/

/YOUTH/ /PSYCHOLOGY/ /LIFE CYCLE/ /PSYCHOANALYSIS/ /ADOLESCENT CRISIS/  
**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/ERI/13396

**82. ERIKSON, Erik H.**

Identity: Youth and Crisis  
New York: W.W. Norton and Company, 1968. – 336 p.  
ISBN: 0-393-31144-9

/JEUNESSE/ /CYCLE DE VIE/ /PSYCHOLOGIE/ /RACE/ /CRISE D'ADOLESCENT/

/YOUTH/ /LIFE CYCLE/ /PSYCHOLOGY/ /RACE/ /TEENAGE CRISIS/  
**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/ERI/13397

**83. EVANS, Ruth M.C.**

Tanzanian Childhoods: Street Children's Narratives of 'Home'  
*Journal of Contemporary African Studies*, 2004, Vol. 22, No. 1, p. 69-92

**Abstract:** Using empirical data from ethnographic, child-focused research with street children in Tanzania, the author discusses children's narratives of their home environments. She attempts a holistic analysis of the experiences of family life and their home environment which have influenced their decisions to leave home for the street. Poverty and household instability, corporal punishment, the conflict between "work" and "play", underlying gender inequalities, children's experiences within diverse household structures, and rural-urban migration are identified as salient motivating factors. While a complex myriad of factors influence children's decisions to leave home, children are very often making a rational choice of one lifestyle over another. (ASC Leiden abstract)

**84. EZEMBE, Ferdinand**

L'Enfant africain et ses univers : approches psychologiques et culturelles  
Paris: Karthala, 2003.- 359 p.  
(Questions d'enfance)  
ISBN: 2-84586-453-1

/ENFANTS/ /FAMILLE/ /PLURALISME CULTUREL/ /ESCLAVAGE/ /PSYCHOLOGIE/ /MYTHOLOGIE/  
/RELIGION/ /MAUVAIS TRAITEMENTS ENVERS LES ENFANTS/ /SEXUALITE/ /MIGRATION/ /ABUS SEXUELS/  
/INCESTE/ /DIVERSITE CULTURELLE/ /COLONISATION/ /ORGANISATION DE LA FAMILLE/ /AFRIQUE/  
/FRANCE/

/CHILDREN/ /FAMILY/ /CULTURAL PLURALISM/ /SLAVERY/ /PSYCHOLOGY/ /MYTHOLOGY/ /RELIGION/  
/CHILD ABUSE/ /SEXUALITY/ /MIGRATION/ /SEXUAL ABUSE/ /INCEST/ /CULTURAL DIVERSITY/  
/COLONIZATION/ /FAMILY ORGANIZATION/ /AFRICA/ /FRANCE/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/EZE/12843

**85. FAUX, Frédéric**

Les maras, gangs d'enfants: violences urbaines en Amérique centrale  
Paris : Autrement, 2006. - (142 p.  
(Autrement frontières)

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**86. FIGUEIREDO, Jose B.; HAAN, Arjan de (eds.)**

Social Exclusion: An ILO Perspective  
Geneva: ILO, 1998. - v-129 p  
(Research series / IILS, No. 111)  
ISBN: 92-9014-577-3

/INEGALITE SOCIALE/ /PAUVRETE/ /MARGINALITE/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /SECURITE SOCIALE/  
/EXCLUSION SOCIALE/ /DISCRIMINATION PAR LE GENRE/

/SOCIAL INEQUALITY/ /POVERTY/ /MARGINALITY/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /SOCIAL SECURITY/ /SOCIAL  
EXCLUSION/ /GENDER DISCRIMINATION/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 05.03.05/FIG/11873

**87. FINDLEY, Sally**

Sécheresse et migration dans la Vallée du Fleuve Sénégal : les femmes et les enfants dominant le nouveau type du migrant

*Pop Sahel*, No. 16, Avril 1991, p. 19-28

/MIGRATION/ /SECHERESSE/ /FEMMES/ /ENFANTS/ /SENEGAL/ /VALLEE DU FLEUVE SENEGAL/

/MIGRATION/ /DROUGHT/ /WOMEN/ /CHILDREN/ /SENEGAL/ /SENEGAL'S VALLEY RIVER/

**88. FOURCHARD, Laurent; ALBERT, Isaac Olawale (eds.)**

Security, Crime and Segregation in West African Cities since the 19th Century. = Sécurité, crime et ségrégation dans les villes d'Afrique de l'Ouest du 19ème siècle à nos jours.

Paris: Karthala, 2003.- iii-451 p.

(Hommes et sociétés)

ISBN: 2-84586-424-8

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/SECURITE URBAINE/ /AFRIQUE DE L'OUEST/ /EUROPE/ /FRANCE/ /NIGERIA/

/TOWNS/ /CRIME/ /POLICE/ /DELINQUENCY/ /URBAN YOUTH/ /URBAN INSECURITY/ /URBAN SECURITY/  
/WEST AFRICA/ /EUROPE/ /FRANCE/ /NIGERIA/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.04.03/FOU/12832

**89. FUGLESANG, Minou**

Veils and Videos: Female Youth Culture on the Kenyan Coast

Stockholm: Stockholm Studies in Social Anthropology, 1994. - ii-322 p.

ISBN: 91-7153-191-2

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/ROMANCE/

/CULTURE/ /WOMEN/ /URBAN YOUTH/ /MEDIA/ /EDUCATION/ /TOURISM/ /DANCE/ /VIDEO CASSETTES/  
/KENYA/ /YOUNG WOMEN/ /YOUTH CULTURE/ /FASHION/ /ROMANCE/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 05.02.01/FUG/13731

**90. GAMLIN, Jennie; PASTOR, Maria Eugenia**

Child Labour in Latin America: Theory, Policy, Practice

*International Journal of Sociology and Social Policy*, Vol. 29, Issue 3, 2009, p. 118-129

**Abstract:** Purpose – The purpose of this paper is to examine the theory, policy and practice of child labour in Latin America. Interventions to reduce child labour are more likely to be successful if they are locally driven, supported by legislation and based on theoretical understandings of childhood that reflect the realities and needs of the children, families and communities whose lives they aim to improve.

Design/methodology/approach – Sociological and anthropological discourses on children's life worlds are reviewed to situate changes in our understanding of child labour. These theoretical developments are then

discussed in the light of changing international legislation, such as ILO's convention 182. Recent statistics suggest a trend for declining child labour and we study the link between statistics, theoretical and legislative positions.

Findings – The ILO's 2006 child labour statistics and examples of policies in Latin America support the hypothesis that theoretical developments in the concept of childhood have influenced successful interventions aimed at its reduction. This theory-policy-practice partnership appears to have been a catalyst for the development of successful "government-private-enterprise – civil society" programmes to reduce child labour.

Research limitations/implications – Although these multi-sectorial strategies have been successful in Latin America, further research is needed to see whether similar policies and interventions can be repeated in other regions.

Originality/value – The paper is original in its linking of theory, policy and practice in the context of recent statistics and programmes at reducing child labour in Latin America.

**91. GARCIA, Marito H.; FARES, Jean**

Youth in Africa's Labor Market

(Directions in Development)

World Bank Publications, 2008. - 328 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**92. GOLDBERG, Ellis Jay**

Trade, Reputation, and Child Labor in Twentieth-century Egypt

New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2004. - x, 211 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**93. GRANT, Miriam R.**

Difficult Debut: Social and Economic Identities of Urban Youth in Bulawayo, Zimbabwe

*Canadian Journal of African Studies*, Vol. 37, No. 2/3, 2003, p. 411-439

**Abstract:** This article examines social and economic identities of urban youth in Zimbabwe on the basis of interviews conducted in 1998 and 1999 in three high density suburbs - Nkulumane, Luveve, Lobengula - in Bulawayo, the second largest city of Zimbabwe. The data presented derive from 120 household dyad interviews with youth and their parents and guardians. The article aims to tease out some of the linkages between education and skill levels, economic and housing vulnerability, and social relations for youth in the urban arena. It also explores how youth are taking responsibility for their social and economic identities and how household members and, to a lesser extent, the community play a role in this process. In this context, the article finishes with a brief exploration of the idea of the development and nurturance of youth as a significant aspect of social capital. (ASC Leiden abstract)

**94. GRIESEL, R. Dev; SWART-KRUGER, Jill; CHAWLA, Louise**

'Children in South Africa Can Make a Difference' An Assessment of 'Growing Up in Cities' in Johannesburg

*Childhood*, Vol. 9, No. 1, 2002, p. 83-100,

**Abstract:** The article presents the evaluation of two Johannesburg sites of 'Growing Up in Cities', a project that involves children in documenting and improving their urban environments, with respect to the effect of project participation. Participating children and their parents were surveyed or interviewed regarding the project's value and effect on the children. In addition, the children were measured on scales of self-esteem, locus of control and self-efficacy, and compared with control groups. The results of the evaluation are summarized, and claims about the value of children's participation in community development are critically reviewed.



**95. GUEU, Denis**

Le phénomène de la marginalité juvénile dans les grandes agglomérations africaines : le cas des enfants et adolescents mendiants d'Adjamé à Abidjan

Abidjan: Université de Cocody, s.d.- 278 p.

Thèse, Doctorat unique, Sociologie criminelle, Université de Cocody, UFR Criminologie

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/MENDICITE/ /MARGINALITE JUVENILE/ /COTE D'IVOIRE/ /ABIDJAN/ /ADJAME/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /MARGINALITY/ /POVERTY/ /PHYSICALLY DISABLED/ /RELIGION/ /TOWNS/  
/BEGGING/ /JUVENILE MARGINALITY/ /COTE D'IVOIRE/ /ABIDJAN/ /ADJAME/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 02.04.02/GUE/13178**

**96. HAMMARBERG, Thomas**

The Convention on the Rights of the Child: New Attitudes to Children

Development: Journal of the Society for International Development, No. 1, 1996, p. 27-31

/DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /ORDRES DU JOUR/ /POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE/ /SYSTEME DES NATIONS  
UNIES/ /DROITS DE L'HOMME/ /DEVELOPPEMENT ECONOMIQUE ET SOCIAL/ /CONVENTIONS/

/CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /AGENDAS/ /INTERNATIONAL POLITICS/ /UN SYSTEM/ /HUMAN RIGHTS/  
/ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT/ /CONVENTIONS/

**97. HELVE, Helena; HOLM, Gunilla (eds)**

Contemporary Youth Research: Local Expressions and Global Connections

Aldershot: Ashgate, 2005. - xv-223 p.

ISBN: 0-7546-4161-9

/JEUNESSE/ /RECHERCHE/ /MONDIALISATION/ /EDUCATION/ /TECHNOLOGIE/ /TRAVAIL/ /CULTURE/  
/IDENTITE CULTURELLE/ /ETUDES SUR LA JEUNESSE/

/YOUTH/ /RESEARCH/ /GLOBALIZATION/ /EDUCATION/ /TECHNOLOGY/ /LABOUR/ /CULTURE/ /CULTURAL  
IDENTITY/ /YOUTH STUDIES/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/HEL/14450**

**98. HELVE, Helena; WALLACE, Claire (eds)**

Youth, Citizenship and Empowerment

Aldershot: Ashgate, 2001. - xvii-327 p.

ISBN: 0-7546-1646-0

/JEUNESSE/ /NATIONALITE/ /MARGINALITE/ /CONDITIONS SOCIALES/ /VIOLENCE/ /ABUS SEXUELS/  
/MONDIALISATION/ /ENFANCE/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /SOCIETE CIVILE/  
/POLITIQUE/ /DEVELOPPEMENT LOCAL/ /EUROPE/ /SLOVAQUIE/ /AFRIQUE DU SUD/ /UKRAINE/

/YOUTH/ /NATIONALITY/ /MARGINALITY/ /SOCIAL CONDITIONS/ /VIOLENCE/ /SEXUAL ABUSE/  
/GLOBALIZATION/ /CHILDHOOD/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /CIVIL SOCIETY/ /POLITICS/  
/LOCAL DEVELOPMENT/ /EUROPE/ /SLOVAKIA/ /SOUTH AFRICA/ /UKRAINE/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/HEL/13063**

**99. HENDRY, Leo B.; SHUCKSMITH, Janet; LOVE, John G.; GLENDINNING, Anthony**

Young people's Leisure and Lifestyles

London: Routledge, 1993. - 209 p.

(Adolescence and Society)

ISBN: 0-415-04350-6

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/YOUTH/ /LEISURE/ /SPORTS/ /SCHOOLS/ /LABOUR/ /HEALTH/ /FAMILY/ /SOCIAL ASPECTS/ /LIFESTYLES/ /FRIENDSHIP/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/HEN/13410

**100. HONWANA, Alcinda; BOECK, Filip de**

Makers and Breakers: Children and Youth in Postcolonial Africa

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2005. – xii-244 p.

ISBN: 0-85255-434-6

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/HON/13218

/ENFANTS/ /JEUNESSE/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /GUERRE CIVILE/ /AFRIQUE/ /POSTCOLONIAL/

/CHILDREN/ /YOUTH/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /CIVIL WAR/ /AFRICA/ /POSTCOLONIAL/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/HON/13218

**101. HUMAN RIGHTS WATCH/Africa; HUMAN RIGHTS WATCH CHILDREN'S RIGHTS PROJECT, New York**

Children in Sudan: Slaves, Street Children and Child Soldiers

New York: Human Rights Watch, 1995. - x-111 p.

ISBN: 1-56432-157-6

/CHILDREN/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /SLAVERY/ /FORCED LABOUR/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /MILITARY SERVICE/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENTS/ /SUDAN/

/ENFANTS/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /ESCLAVAGE/ /TRAVAUX FORCES/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /SERVICE MILITAIRE/ /DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /MOUVEMENTS DE LIBERATION NATIONALE/ /SOUDAN/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/HUM/09066

**102. HUMAN RIGHTS WATCH, New York**

Juvenile Injustice: Police Abuse and Detention of Street Children in Kenya

New-York: Human Rights Watch, June 1997. – 155 p

ISBN: 1-56432-214-9

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /DELINQUANCE JUVENILE/ /PRISONS/ /TORTURE/ /POLICE/ /DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /KENYA/ /EMPRISONNEMENT ARBITRAIRE/ /ABUS POLICIER/ /JUSTICE JUVENILE/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /JUVENILE DELINQUENCY/ /PRISONS/ /TORTURE/ /POLICE/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /KENYA/ /ARBITRARY IMPRISONMENT/ /POLICE ABUSE/ /JUVENILE JUSTICE/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.04.03/HUM/11806

**103. HUNGERLAND, Beatrice**

Working to be someone: Child Focused Research and Practice with Working Children

London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers, 2007. - 268 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**104. HUNT, Paul**

Children's Rights in West Africa: the Case of the Gambia's Almudos

*Human Rights Quarterly*, Vol. 15, No. 3, August 1993, p. 499-532

/CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /INTERNATIONAL LAW/ /WEST AFRICA/ /GAMBIA/

/DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /DROIT INTERNATIONAL/ /AFRIQUE DE L'OUEST/ /GAMBIE/

**105. INTERNATIONAL CHILD LABOR PROGRAM. BUREAU OF INTERNATIONAL LABOR AFFAIRS, Washington**

By the Sweat and Toil of Children: Consumer Labels and Child Labor  
Washington: US. Department of Labour, 1997, Vol. 4. - 252 p.

/TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /CONDITIONS DE TRAVAIL/ /ETIQUETAGE/ /TAPIS/  
/INDUSTRIE TEXTILE/

/CHILD LABOUR/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /WORKING CONDITIONS/ /LABELLING/ /CARPETS/ /TEXTILE  
INDUSTRY/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 13.09.02/INI/11152**

**106. JACQUEMIN, Mélanie**

Can The Language Of Rights Get Hold Of The Complex Realities Of Child Domestic Work? The Case of Young Domestic Workers in Abidjan, Ivory Coast  
*Childhood. A Global Journal of Child Research*, Vol. 13, No. 3, 2006, p. 389-406

**Abstract:** This review examines refractions of children's rights in development practice from an anthropological point of view and considers the case of young domestic girls working in Abidjan. The author argues that child labour legislation and the children's rights perspective in Abidjan is permeated by patriarchal values that mask the exploitation of work performed in the domestic arena under the cover of (pseudo) kinship ties. The author contends that development programmes that target young domestic servants in a children's rights-framed approach risk obscuring situations where children are put to work and actually exploited.

**107. JACQUEMIN, Mélanie Y.**

Children's Domestic Work in Abidjan, Côte D'ivoire. The Petites Bonnes have the Floor  
*Childhood. A Global Journal of Child Research*, Vol. 11, No. 3, 2004, 383-397

**Abstract:** This article tries to analyse the evolution over the past 40 years of children's domestic work and its representations in urban Côte d'Ivoire, and, particularly, how these practices evolved from family work linked to educational processes, into the kind of wage work that exists today. Listening to the children themselves, the aim is to find out how the petites bonnes (young maids) perceive their situation as workers, how they make it their own and how they see their future.

**108. ENDA TIERS MONDE, Dakar**

Deux Regards sur l'enfant travailleur africain  
Dakar: Enda Tiers-Monde, Jeunesse Action, février 1996.- 42 p.

/TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /CONDITIONS DE TRAVAIL/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /APPRENTISSAGE/ /AFRIQUE/

/CHILD LABOUR/ /WORKING CONDITIONS/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /APPRENTICESHIP/ /AFRICA/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 13.09.02/JEU/09978**

**109. JOHNSON, Victoria; IVAN-SMITH, Edda; GORDON, Gill; PRIDMORE, Pat; SCOTT, Patta (eds)**

Stepping forward: Children and Young people's Participation in the Development Process  
London: Intermediate Technology Publications, 1998. - xx-332 p.  
ISBN: 1-85339-448-3

/ENFANTS/ /JEUNESSE/ /PROGRAMMES DE DEVELOPPEMENT/ /CULTURE/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/  
/RECHERCHE PARTICIPATIVE/ /PARTICIPATION AU DEVELOPPEMENT/ /APPROCHES PARTICIPATIVES/

/CHILDREN/ /YOUTH/ /DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES/ /CULTURE/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /PARTICIPATORY  
RESEARCH/ /PARTICIPATION IN DEVELOPMENT/ /PARTICIPATIVE APPROACHES/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/JOH/13377

**110. KEHILY, Mary Jane (ed.)**

An Introduction to Childhood Studies

Second Edition

Maidenhead: Open University Press, 2009. – x, 232 p.

ISBN-13: 978-033522870-6 / ISBN-10: 033522870-4

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**111. KILBRIDE, Philip; SUDA, Collette; NJERU, Enos**

Street Children in Kenya: Voices of Children in Search of a Childhood

Westport: Bergin and Garvey, 2000. - xvi-162 p.

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /ENFANCE/ /FAMILLE/ /TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /PROSTITUTION/ /KENYA/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /CHILDHOOD/ /FAMILY/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /PROSTITUTION/ /KENYA/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 02.04.02/KIL/13773

**112. KOUDOU, Kessié Raymond**

Pratiques éducatives et développement moral : une étude psychogénétique et différentielle de l'appropriation des valeurs et de l'estime de soi chez l'enfant et l'adolescent de 6 à 16 ans

Toulouse: Université de Toulouse, Le Mirail, Décembre 1990, Tome 1.- 241p.

Thèse, Doctorat d'Etat, Psychopédagogie, Université de Toulouse. Le Mirail, U.F.R. des Sciences du Comportement et de l'Education, 1990

/COMPORTEMENT/ /ENFANTS/ /ADOLESCENTS/ /PSYCHOLOGIE SOCIALE/ /PSYCHOLOGIE/ /EDUCATION/  
/VALEURS CULTURELLES/ /MILIEU SOCIAL/ /MILIEU SCOLAIRE/ /MILIEU FAMILIAL/ /COTE D'IVOIRE/

/BEHAVIOUR/ /CHILDREN/ /ADOLESCENTS/ /SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY/ /PSYCHOLOGY/ /EDUCATION/  
/CULTURAL VALUES/ /SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT/ /SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT/ /FAMILY ENVIRONMENT/ /COTE  
D'IVOIRE/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 05.03.02/KOU/02604

**113. KOUDOU, Kessié Raymond**

Pratiques éducatives et développement moral : une étude psychogénétique et différentielle de l'appropriation des valeurs et de l'estime de soi chez l'enfant et l'adolescent de 6 à 16 ans

Toulouse: Université de Toulouse, Le Mirail, Décembre 1990, Tome 2.- 241p.

Thèse, Doctorat d'Etat, Psychopédagogie, Université de Toulouse. Le Mirail, U.F.R. des Sciences du Comportement et de l'Education, 1990

/COMPORTEMENT/ /ENFANTS/ /ADOLESCENTS/ /PSYCHOLOGIE SOCIALE/ /PSYCHOLOGIE/ /EDUCATION/  
/VALEURS CULTURELLES/ /MILIEU SOCIAL/ /MILIEU SCOLAIRE/ /MILIEU FAMILIAL/ /COTE D'IVOIRE/

/BEHAVIOUR/ /CHILDREN/ /ADOLESCENTS/ /SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY/ /PSYCHOLOGY/ /EDUCATION/  
/CULTURAL VALUES/ /SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT/ /SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT/ /FAMILY ENVIRONMENT/ /COTE  
D'IVOIRE/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 05.03.02/KOU/02605

**114. KUYU MWISSA, Camille**

La production des normes juridiques par les enfants des rues des métropoles africaines: Kinshasa  
In: La création du droit en Afrique / Sous la dir. de Dominique Darbon et Jean du Bois de Gaudusson. - Paris: Karthala, 1997, p. 81-86

**Résumé:** Les enfants de la rue de Kinshasa (République démocratique du Congo) ignorent les droits formels les concernant; ils produisent à partir des registres de légitimité propres des systèmes normatifs qui leur permettent de maîtriser leur univers. L'auteur examine les normes juridiques des enfants marginalisés qui ne sont pas comprises au sens de "règles" de droit positif mais de "modèles de comportement" et de "habitus". Les développements les plus récents de la sociologie et de l'anthropologie du droit accordent une place importante à la régulation sociale par le bas. Les acteurs sociaux ne sont plus de simples exécutants, ils créent réellement du droit. C'est pourquoi la socialisation juridique des enfants de la rue devrait intégrer à la fois les apprentissages quotidiens relatifs à leur propre vécu d'enfants et ceux impliquant l'acquisition de connaissances relatives au système juridique étatique. La notion de "droit de repères" est opératoire dans la recherche d'une innovation des politiques de socialisation juridique. (Résumé ASC Leiden)

**115. KYNOCH, Gary**

We are Fighting the World: a History of the Marashea Gangs in South Africa, 1947-1999  
Athens, Ohio: Ohio University Press; Pietermaritzburg: University of Kwazulu-Natal Press, 2005. – xv, 200 p.  
(New African Histories Series)

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**116. LATOUR, Éliane de**

Du ghetto au voyage clandestin: la métaphore héroïque  
*Autrepart*, No. 19, 2001, p. 155-176

**Résumé:** Dans le présent article, l'auteur analyse la construction d'une identité individuelle dans les ghettos de Côte d'Ivoire à travers le modèle du guerrier. Les ghettomen, qui cherchent à sortir de 'l'anonymat des pauvres', se disent "guerriers", ceux qui prennent leur destin en main, servent leurs désirs immédiats par la force, ne reculent jamais, trouvent dans le combat le sens même de la singularisation: 'toucher le cerveau des hommes' en attachant au nom toutes sortes de légendes et de hauts faits auxquels les autres font écho. Cette identification toujours en excès puise à de nombreuses sources: passé belliqueux africain, modèles du 'self made man' plein de sa réussite, héros solitaires du western, maffieux des films d'action... Au ghetto, conçu comme une avant-scène du monde de la puissance et de la vitesse, se développe une utopie qui aime les rêves de reconnaissance personnelle et qui fait de la mort un enjeu réel. Lorsque contraintes, blessures, prison, prennent le pas sur le reste, il faut aller plus loin, vers les rivages mythifiés du Nord. (L'auteur a également étudié la composition de familles métaphoriques dans les ghettos dans l'article 'Métaphores sociales dans les ghettos de Côte d'Ivoire' paru dans *Autrepart*, no. 18 (2001), p. 151-167.) (Résumé ASC Leiden)

**117. LATOUR, Éliane de**

Métaphores sociales dans les ghettos de Côte-d'Ivoire  
*Autrepart*, No. 18, 2001, p. 151-167

**Résumé:** Les jeunes citadins en rupture se rassemblent dans des ghettos où des bandes se constituent. Ils créent un monde qui articule ancrage local et ambitions mondiales à travers un théâtre épique et familial. Ils créent des rôles qui exaltent la singularité, l'autonomie, la puissance, la réussite, en même temps qu'ils expriment des formes solidaires du lien humain déclinées en relations métaphoriques père/fils, mari/femme, fratrie... Les familles sont réinventées comme un brouillon du meilleur de la vie à partir du couple libre à l'occidentale, du respect des plus jeunes envers les plus vieux qui offrent leur tutelle, un lien que les vrais parents n'arrivent plus toujours à garantir. Les ghettomen se sentent identifiés à une grande famille d'amis rassemblée par un même choix initial, le contraire de leur famille d'origine qui assure la reproduction des générations sans qu'une attention considérable ne soit toujours prêtée aux choix personnels. Même si

l'utopie du ghetto peut se retourner en contraintes et en blessures mortelles, c'est l'occasion pour chacun de construire une histoire personnelle. Le but ultime de cette poursuite de la reconnaissance est de modifier son destin et d'atteindre sa propre dimension d'adulte.

**118. LENOBLE-BART, Annie**

Les enfants de la rue à Kigali : Sortir de l'impasse ?

*Politique Africaine*, No. 63, Octobre 1996, p. 72 - 78

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /ORGANISATIONS NON GOUVERNEMENTALES/ /CONDITIONS ECONOMIQUES/  
/SITUATION DE FAMILLE/ /ORPHELINATS/ /ENFANTS ABANDONNES/ /RWANDA/ /KIGALI/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /NON GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS/ /ECONOMIC CONDITIONS/ /MARITAL  
STATUS/ /ORPHANAGES/ /ABANDONED CHILDREN/ /RWANDA/ /KIGALI/

**119. LIEBEL, Manfred**

Faux-semblants du rapport de l'OIT sur le travail des enfants

*Alternatives Sud*, Vol. 16, 2009, p. 71-78

**Résumé :** Outre la fiabilité improbable de ses chiffres et le caractère discutable de ses catégorisations, le dernier rapport de l'OIT sur le travail des enfants, s'il semble différer les idéaux « abolitionnistes », pêche toujours par le peu de cas qu'il fait des intérêts et des besoins concrets des enfants travailleurs, des revendications de leurs organisations et des effets des politiques de libéralisation, de dérégulation et de la privatisation.

**120. LIEBEL, Manfred**

Working Children as Social Subjects. The Contribution of Working Children's Organizations to Social Transformations

*Childhood. A Global Journal of Child Research*, Vol. 10, No. 3, 2003, p. 265-285

**Abstract:** The article focuses on the question of what significance the organizations of working children, which have sprung up in various regions of the Third World since the 1980s, have for processes of transformation in their societies. First, it looks at the common ground shared by the working children and their organizations in different countries. Second, it discusses what kind of social subject emerges from this discussion. Finally, the article asks what possible effects these organizations have on the children themselves or on the society around them.

**121. LUGALLA, Joe L.P.; KIBASSA, Colleta G. (eds)**

Poverty, Aids, and Street Children in East Africa

Lewiston: the Edwin Mellen Press, 2002.- xi-341 p.

(Studies in African Health and Medecine, Vol. 10)

/AIDS/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /POVERTY/ /PROSTITUTION/ /URBANIZATION/ /HIV/ /CHILD SURVIVAL/  
/CHILDREN'S HEALTH/ /EAST AFRICA/ /KENYA/ /TANZANIA/ /UGANDA/ /SOUTH AFRICA/

/SIDA/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /PAUVRETE/ /PROSTITUTION/ /URBANISATION/ /VIH/ /SURVIE DE  
L'ENFANT/ /SANTE DES ENFANTS/ /AFRIQUE DE L'EST/ /KENYA/ /TANZANIE/ /OUGANDA/ /AFRIQUE DU  
SUD/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 15.04.04./LUG/12709

**122. LUGALLA, Joe L.P.; KIBASSA, Colleta G.**

Urban Life and Street Children's Health: Children's Accounts of Urban Hardships and Violence in Tanzania

Hamburg: LIT VERLAG Münster, 2003. - viii-158 p.

(African Studies / Vol. 16)

ISBN: 3-8258-6690-4

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /URBAISATION/ /CHANGEMENT SOCIAL/ /PAUVRETE/ /AJUSTEMENT STRUCTUREL/  
/VIOLENCE/ /SANTE/ /SIDA/ /ETAT/ /SOCIETE CIVILE/ /EDUCATION/ /DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /TANZANIE/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /URBANIZATION/ /SOCIAL CHANGE/ /POVERTY/ /STRUCTURAL ADJUSTMENT/  
/VIOLENCE/ /HEALTH/ /AIDS/ /STATE/ /CIVIL SOCIETY/ /EDUCATION/ /CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /TANZANIA/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 02.04.02/LUG/13746

**123. LUTTE, Gérard**

Les Enfants de la rue au Guatemala : princesses et rêveurs

Paris: L'harmattan, 1997.- 264 p.

(Recherches et documents-Amériques Latines)

ISBN: 2-7384-5402-X

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /GARÇONS/ /FILLES/ /GUATEMALA/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /BOYS/ /GIRLS/ /GUATEMALA/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 02.04.05/LUT/13352

**124. MAIRA, Sunaina; SOEP, Elisabeth (eds)**

Youthscapes: the Popular, the National, the Global

Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 2005. - xxxv-257 p.

ISBN: 0-8122-1896-5

/JEUNESSE/ /CULTURE/ /CULTURE POPULAIRE/ /ANALYSE TRANSCULTURELLE/ /MOUVEMENTS SOCIAUX/  
/EDUCATION/ /MOYENS DE COMMUNICATION/ /MONDIALISATION/ /ENFANT SOLDAT/

/YOUTH/ /CULTURE/ /FOLK CULTURE/ /CROSS CULTURAL ANALYSIS/ /SOCIAL MOVEMENTS/  
/EDUCATION/ /MEDIA/ /GLOBALIZATION/ /CHILD SOLDIER/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/MAI/13394

**125. MAMMAN, M.**

Urban Youth Violence as a Threat to Urban Security and Governance in Nigeria

*Savanna*, Vol. 19, No. 1, 2004, p. 87-101

**Abstract:** This paper addresses some of the causal factors of urban youth violence and ethno religious conflicts in four urban centres - Aba, Kaduna, Kano and Lagos - in Nigeria. The main thrust of the paper is how violence threatens Nigeria's nascent democracy, as well as the corporate existence of the country. The paper is based on a survey using 1200 questionnaires carried out between 1 December 2000 and 31 January 2001. It concludes that poverty, political and social exclusion and marginalization, as well as economic deprivation are all working against the solidarity that would enable city inhabitants to live together despite their differences. The paper presents policy options for improving the situation. (ASC Leiden abstract)

**126. MANUEL, Sandra**

Love and Desire: Concepts, Narratives and Practices of Sex amongst Youths in Maputo City

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2008.- 75 p.

ISBN: 2-86978-191-1

/SEXUALITE/ /JEUNESSE/ /COMPORTEMENT SEXUEL/ /AGE ADULTE/ /PRESERVATIFS/ /SIDA/ /RELATIONS  
SOCIALES/ /PRATIQUE SEXUELLE/ /MOZAMBIQUE/ /MAPUTO/

/SEXUALITY/ /YOUTH/ /SEXUAL BEHAVIOUR/ /ADULTHOOD/ /CONDOMS/ /AIDS/ /SEXUAL RELATIONS/  
/SEXUAL PRACTICE/ /MOZAMBIQUE/ /MAPUTO/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.03/MAN/13973

**127. MARIMA, Ritah; JORDAN, Josephine; CORMIE, Kenna**

Conversations with Street Children in Harare, Zimbabwe

*Zambezia*, 1995, Vol. 22, No. 1, p. 1-24

**Abstract:** This article reports excerpts from conversations with 30 boys, aged between 8 and 16, working the streets of Harare (Zimbabwe). The conversations took place from February to November 1993. The excerpts describe the boys' living arrangements, their relationships and recreation, and their work. Far from presenting themselves as ruffians out to make a quick buck, the boys like to be clean and well dressed. They respect hard work and they believe in the virtue of honesty. Older boys do not like to beg and they teach others how to park cars. Eleven of the boys also had weekly contracts to guard the cars of office workers.

**128. MARONE, Khady**

La mendicité

Dakar: Université Cheikh Anta Diop de Dakar, 2005-2006.- 41 p.

Mémoire, Maîtrise, Sciences juridiques et politiques. Droit des affaires, Université Cheikh Anta Diop de Dakar, Faculté des sciences juridiques et politiques, Département de droit privé, 2005-2006

/PAUVRETE/ /CONDITIONS DE VIE/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /URBANISATION/ /RELIGION/ /LEGISLATION/ /  
/MENDICITE/ /SENEGAL/ /DAKAR/

/POVERTY/ /LIVING CONDITIONS/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /URBANIZATION/ /RELIGION/ /LEGISLATION/  
/BEGGING/ /SENEGAL/ /DAKAR/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 03.02.05/MAR/13705

**129. MARQUEZ, Patricia C.**

The Street is my Home: Youth and Violence in Caracas

Stanford, Calif.: Stanford University Press, 1999. - ix-276 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**130. MAURER, Mechtild**

Tourisme, Prostitution, Sida

Paris: L'Harmattan, 1992.- 182 p.

(Collection Tourisimes et Sociétés)

ISBN: 2-7384-1770-1

/TOURISME/ /PROSTITUTION/ /SIDA/ /SEXE/ /CONDITION DE LA FEMME/ /ENFANTS/ /PAYS EN  
DEVELOPPEMENT/ /TOURISME SEXUEL/ /EXPLOITATION SEXUELLE/ /ATTRACTION SEXUELLE/  
/POLITIQUE DU SIDA/ /VIH/ /PROSTITUTION ENFANTINE/

/TOURISM/ /PROSTITUTION/ /AIDS/ /SEX/ /WOMEN'S STATUS/ /CHILDREN/ /DEVELOPING COUNTRIES/  
/SEXUAL TOURISM/ /SEXUAL EXPLOITATION/ /SEXUAL ATTRACTION/ /AIDS POLICY/ /HIV/ /CHILD  
PROSTITUTION/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 09.04.05/MAU/06220

**131. MBOW, Penda; TAMBA, Moustapha (eds.)**

L'Emigration clandestine, le profil des candidats: étude réalisée par le bureau des jeunes du mouvement citoyen

Dakar: Mouvement citoyen, s.d..- 91p.



/EMIGRATION/ /JEUNESSE/ /CONDITIONS ECONOMIQUES/ /CONDITIONS SOCIALES/ /TRANSPORT MARITIME/ /SENEGAL/ /EMIGRATION CLANDESTINE/

/EMIGRATION/ /YOUTH/ /ECONOMIC CONDITIONS/ /SOCIAL CONDITIONS/ /SEA TRANSPORT/ /SENEGAL/ /CLANDESTINE EMIGRATION/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.07.01/MBO/13525**

**132. MENSA-BONSU, Henrietta J.A.N.; DOWUONA-HAMMOND, Christine (eds)**

The Rights of Child in Ghana: Perspectives  
Accra: Woeii Publishing Services, 1994.- xiv-122 p.  
ISBN: 9964-978-19-7

/CHILDREN'S RIGHTS/ /CHILD ABUSE/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /CHILD SURVIVAL/ /LEGAL PROTECTION/ /CIVIL RIGHTS/ /CRIMINAL LEGISLATION/ /OBLIGATIONS OF THE CHILD/ /GHANA/

/DROITS DE L'ENFANT/ /MALTRAITEMENT D'ENFANTS/ /ENFANTS DES RUES/ /SURVIE DE L'ENFANT/ /PROTECTION LEGALE/ /DROITS DU CITOYEN/ /LEGISLATION CRIMINELLE/ /OBLIGATIONS DE L'ENFANT/ /GHANA/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 04.02.01/MEN/09069**

**133. MERIENNE SIERRA, Maricel**

Violence et tendresse : les enfants de la rue à Bogota  
Paris: L'Harmattan, 1995.- 100p.  
ISBN: 2-7384-3335-9

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /CONDITIONS DE VIE/ /SOCIALISATION/ /STRATEGIES DE SURVIE/ /VIOLENCE/ /DELINQUENCE JUVENILE/ /DROGUES/ /SEXUALITE/ /VOL/ /VIOL/ /COLOMBIE/ /BOGOTA/

/STREET CHILDREN/ /LIVING CONDITIONS/ /SOCIALIZATION/ /SURVIVAL STRATEGIES/ /VIOLENCE/ /JUVENILE DELINQUENCY/ /DRUGS OF ABUSE/ /SEXUALITY/ /THEFT/ /RAPE/ /COLOMBIA/ /BOGOTA/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 02.04.02/MER/13235**

**134. MIABE, Freddy Nadair**

Une stratégie pédagogique de formation et d'insertion socioprofessionnelle des jeunes déscolarisés par l'apprentissage de petits métiers d'utilité immédiate : essai d'évaluation de l'expérience de l'ONG Aide à l'Enfance du Congo Brazzaville

Dakar: Université Marien Ngouabi, 2007-2008.- 74 p.

Mémoire, DEA, Didactique des disciplines et évaluation, Sciences de l'éducation, Université Marien Ngouabi, Ecole normale supérieure, chaire UNESCO en sciences de l'éducation pour l'Afrique centrale, 2007-2008

/FORMATION PROFESSIONNELLE/ /SYSTEMES D'ENSEIGNEMENT/ /SCIENCES DE L'EDUCATION/ /JEUNESSE/ /APPRENTISSAGE/ /TRAVAIL/ /ORGANISATIONS NON-GOUVERNEMENTALES/ /INSERTION PROFESSIONNELLE/ /CONGO/ /BRAZZAVILLE/

/VOCATIONAL TRAINING/ /EDUCATIONAL SYSTEMS/ /EDUCATIONAL SCIENCES/ /YOUTH/ /APPRENTICESHIP/ /LABOUR/ /NONGOVERNEMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS/ /VOCATIONAL INSERTION/ /CONGO/ /BRAZZAVILLE/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 06.03.07/MIA/14494**

**135. MIERS, Suzanne**

Slavery in the Twentieth Century: The Evolution of a Global Problem  
New York: Alta Mira Press, 2003. - xx-505 p.

ISBN: 0-7591-0340-2

/ESCLAVAGE/ /HISTOIRE/ /TRAVAUX FORCES/ /MARIAGE/ /PROSTITUTION/ /MAUVAIS TRAITEMENTS ENVERS LES ENFANTS/ /MIGRATION/ /MAIN D'OEUVRE CONTRACTUELLE/ /RELATIONS INTERNATIONALES/ /MOUVEMENTS ANTI-ESCLAVAGE/ /ABOLITION/ /COMMERCE D'ESCLAVES/ /PROSTITUTION FORCEE/ /MARIAGE FORCE/

/SLAVERY/ /HISTORY/ /FORCED LABOUR/ /MARRIAGE/ /PROSTITUTION/ /CHILD ABUSE/ /MIGRATION/ /CONTRACT LABOUR/ /INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS/ /ANTISLAVERY MOVEMENTS/ /ABOLITION/ /SLAVE TRADE/ /FORCED PROSTITUTION/ /FORCED MARRIAGE/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 05.03.05/MIE/12853

**136. MUFUNE, Pempelani**

Youth Problems in Namibia

In: Challenges for Anthropology in the 'African Renaissance': a Southern African Contribution / ed. by Debie LeBeau and Robert J. Gordon. - Windhoek: University of Namibia Press, 2002, p. 177-190.

**Abstract:** In the promotion of the African Renaissance, attention must be paid in particular to young people and the problems they are facing, as youth have a greater capacity to learn new behaviour and experiment with novel practices. This article looks at some of the social problems that affect Namibians in general and Namibian youth in particular. Unemployment and poverty are at the root of the problem of street youth. Although the Namibian government aims to raise the skills of the young by improving school enrolment and providing schooling to many who were excluded during the colonial era, the issue of unemployment is still acute. Many youth find themselves exposed to alcoholism and drug abuse. They also find themselves the most exposed to HIV/AIDS in the country. The article points to several obstacles to Namibia's youth policy, which was formulated in 1993, and suggests that a multisectoral and integrated approach is needed to deal with youth problems. [ASC Leiden abstract]

**137. MONTGOMERY, Heather**

Are Child Prostitutes Child Workers? A Case Study

*International Journal of Sociology and Social Policy*, Vol. 29, Issue 3, 2009, p. 130-140

**Abstract:** Purpose – Based on a case study of a small community in Thailand, the purpose of this paper is to analyse the explanations that child prostitutes give for selling sex. It looks at whether child prostitution can be considered as a form of labour and if children themselves understand what they do as work or exploitation. It focuses on children's relationships within their families and argues that international legislation calling for child prostitution to be abolished, while well meaning, is too simplistic and does not deal with the complex social relations underpinning prostitution and the lack of alternatives for many children.

Design/methodology/approach – This paper is based on ethnographic fieldwork and participant observation among a small group of child prostitutes in Thailand.

Findings – Certain children have very different understandings of prostitution to those campaigning to end the practice. They do not see prostitution as a form of work or necessarily as a form of abuse.

Instead they claim it as a way of fulfilling perceived social and moral obligations to their families.

Research limitations/implications – The importance of listening to children themselves, even on such sensitive and emotive issues, is paramount as it reveals a gap between ground level realities and proposals put forward in international legislation.

Originality/value – The growing literature on child prostitution rarely takes into account children's own perspectives. This paper engages directly with children and takes seriously their own justifications and rationalisations.

**138. MONTGOMERY, Heather**

Working with Child Prostitutes in Thailand Problems of practice and interpretation  
*Childhood. A Global Journal of Child Research*, Vol. 14, No. 4, 2007, p. 415-430

**Abstract:** The Conducting anthropological fieldwork on the emotive issue of child prostitution raises difficult issues for anthropologists and other researchers. This article examines the ethical dilemmas of working with these extremely vulnerable children, focusing on the difference between the researcher's own interpretations and those given by the children themselves and the implications this has for child-centred anthropology and the implementation of children's rights.

**139. MORELLE, Marie**

La rue des enfants, les enfants des rues : Yaoundé et Antananarivo  
Paris: CNRS Editions, 2007.- 282 p.

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**140. MOULIN, Brigitte (ed.)**

La ville et ses frontières : de la ségrégation sociale à l'ethnisation des rapports sociaux  
Paris: Karthala, 2001.- 252 p.

(Hommes et sociétés)

ISBN: 2-84586-238-5

/TOWNS/ /BOUNDARIES/ /NEIGHBOURHOODS/ /ASSOCIATIONS/ /YOUTH/ /VIOLENCE/ /ETHNICITY/  
/SOCIAL PROBLEMS/ /WOMEN/ /SOCIAL BOUNDARY/ /URBAN BOUNDARY/ /SOCIAL INSECURITY/

/VILLES/ /FRONTIERES/ /QUARTIERS/ /ASSOCIATIONS/ /JEUNESSE/ /VIOLENCE/ /ETHNICITE/  
/PROBLEMES SOCIAUX/ /FEMMES/ /FRONTIERE SOCIALE/ /FRONTIERE URBAINE/ /INSECURITE SOCIALE/

**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.04.03/MOU/12799

**141. MUCHINI, Backson**

Unaccompanied Mozambican Children in Zimbabwe: the Interface with Street Children  
*Journal of Social Development in Africa*, Vol. 8, No. 2, 1993, p. 49-60

/STREET CHILDREN/ /ABANDONED CHILDREN/ /REFUGEES/ /CIVIL WAR/ /MOZAMBIQUE/ /ZIMBABWE/

/ENFANTS DES RUES/ /ENFANTS ABANDONNES/ /REFUGIES/ /GUERRE CIVILE/ /MOZAMBIQUE/  
/ZIMBABWE/

**142. MUNENE, John C.; NAMBI, Janet**

Understanding and Helping Street Children in Uganda  
*Community Development Journal*, Vol. 31, No. 4, 1996, p. 343-350

**Abstract:** This article describes the growing problem of street children in Uganda. Street children are people of 18 years and below who spend most of their time on the street and for whom the street is the major socializing agent. The study, employing participatory rapid appraisal methodology, covered all the major towns of Uganda, including Kampala, Jinja, Malaba, Busia, Arua and Kabale, as well as smaller settlements, such as Mbarara, Masaka, Gulu and Mbale. A total of 3728 children, of whom 924 were females, was counted. The children came to the street for a variety of reasons, the most important of which were broken families and poverty. Both the recent wars in Uganda and the AIDS epidemic have contributed and continue to contribute to the growing number of broken families. These reasons led the authors to conclude that the problem cannot be stopped altogether but that it can be controlled. They found evidence of an altruistic environment on which the government could build to control the problem. Nevertheless, for the children on the street, the hostility, harassment, including rape, unlawful arrest and imprisonment, and the pervasive deprivation they face, call for concerted and urgent action.

**143. NATIONS UNIES. DROITS DE L'HOMME, Genève**

Les Droits de l'Enfant

Geneva: Nations Unies, Décembre 1990.- 35 p.

(Fiche d'Information des Droits de l'Homme, No. 10)

/DROITS DE L'HOMME/ /ENFANTS/ /CONVENTIONS/ /DEVELOPPEMENT DE L'ENFANT/ /AIDE A L'ENFANCE/  
/DROITS DE L'ENFANT/

/HUMAN RIGHTS/ /CHILDREN/ /CONVENTIONS/ /CHILD DEVELOPMENT/ /CHILD CARE/ /CHILDREN'S  
RIGHTS/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 04.02.01/NAT/02837**

**144. NAYAK, Anoop**

Race, Place and Globalization: Youth Cultures in a Changing World

Oxford: Berg, 2003. - ix-208 p.

ISBN: 1-85973-609-2

/JEUNESSE/ /CULTURE/ /MONDIALISATION/ /SUBCULTURE/ /ETHNICITE/ /RACISME/

/YOUTH/ /CULTURE/ /GLOBALIZATION/ /SUBCULTURE/ /ETHNICITY/ /RACISM/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/NAY/13438**

**145. NDEMBI, Denise Landria**

Le travail des enfants en Afrique subsaharienne : le cas du Bénin, du Gabon et du Togo

Paris: L'Harmattan, 2006. - 274 p.

(Études africaines)

**(New acquisition / Nouvelle acquisition)**

**146. NGODI, Etanilas**

Problématique du travail des enfants et stratégies de survie au Congo Brazzaville. – p. 133-150

In: Children and Youth in the Labour Process in Africa / Edited. by Osita Agbu

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2009.- iv-227 p.

(CODESRIA Book Series)

ISBN: 978-2-86978-251-8

**Call No.: \*\*\* 13.09.02/AGB/14476**

**147. OBI, Cyril**

Youth and the Generational Dimensions to Struggles for Resource Control in the Niger Delta

Dakar: CODESRIA, 2006.- 48 p.

(CODESRIA Monograph Series)

ISBN: 2-86978-180-6

/JEUNESSE/ /CONFLITS/ /RESSOURCES NATURELLES/ /GESTION DE L'ENVIRONNEMENT/ /NIGERIA/  
/CONTROLE DES RESSOURCES/ /DELTA DU NIGER/

/YOUTH/ /CONFLICTS/ /NATURAL RESOURCES/ /ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT/ /NIGERIA/  
/RESOURCES CONTROL/ /NIGER DELTA/

**Call No.: \*\*\* 14.02.02/OBI/13251**

**148. OECD, Paris**

Combating Child Labour: A Review of Policies

Paris: OECD, 2003.- 129 p.

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**150. OLUWANIYI, Oluwatoyin O.**

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In: Children and Youth in the Labour Process in Africa / Edited. by Osita Agbu  
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*Idoc Internazionale*, Vol. 24, No. 4, October-December 1994, p. 14-17

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**159. REYNOLDS, Pamela**

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**160. RODRIGUEZ-TORRES, Deyssi**

À chacun son trottoir: l'appropriation des espaces publics par les jeunes de Nairobi

*L'Afrique orientale*, 2000, p. 325-349.

**Abstract:** C'est dans un contexte de dégradation socioéconomique et de paupérisation que sont apparus, à partir des années 1970, les jeunes de la rue dans le paysage urbain en transformation de Nairobi (Kenya). L'action de ces jeunes n'obéit pas seulement à une stratégie ponctuelle de survie. L'auteur de cet article a pu observer sur le terrain (entre novembre et mai 1996, en avril 1998 et avril 1999) qu'il existe chez eux une régulation sociale imperceptible à première vue. La pauvreté met les jeunes à la rue, qui doivent alors se rapprocher d'un gang, passer par des rites d'initiation, à la suite de quoi ils peuvent partager le territoire du gang et s'y installer. La présence sur un territoire ne peut être assurée que par des gangs bien structurés, disciplinés et porteurs d'un sentiment d'appartenance au groupe. Des guerres inter-gangs servent à la défense et à la sauvegarde du territoire. Le territoire ne sert pas seulement à l'hébergement permanent. C'est là que se prennent les décisions, que se donnent et se transmettent les ordres, que se décident et s'exécutent les châtiments, que se déploient des réseaux d'entraide et de solidarité, des mécanismes de contrôle social interne et de vigilance externe. Un lien violence-territoire dans le parcours identitaire est établi, qui permet de comprendre la façon dont les symboles et la régulation sociale autour du territoire contribuent à construire des modèles et des repères au sein de chaque gang, une construction identitaire. Cet espace est peut-être aussi lieu d'enjeux politiques qui vont se dessiner. (Résumé ASC Leiden)

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*Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 25, No. 46, 1990, p. 2529-2530

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**162. SALMON-MARCHAT, Léa**

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/SURVIVAL STRATEGIES/ /SOCIAL EXCLUSION/ /SOCIAL REINSERTION/ /SOCIOANTHROPOLOGICAL  
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**163. SCHLEMMER, Bernard**

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Paris: Karthala: ORSTOM, 1996. – 522 p.  
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D'IVOIRE/ /ALGERIE/ /COLOMBIE/ /FRANCE/ /TOGO/ /SENEGAL/

/CHILD LABOUR/ /SOCIAL CONDITIONS/ /WORK AT HOME/ /POVERTY/ /CIVIL SOCIETY/ /EXPLOITED  
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**164. SCHLEMMER, Bernard (ed.)**

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**165. SERRA, Carlos**

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**166. SEVEDE-BARDEM, Isabelle**

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/MIGRATION/ /AFRIQUE/ /BURKINA FASO/ /OUAGADOUGOU/

/YOUTH/ /URBAN YOUTH/ /GENDER RELATIONS/ /SEXUALITY/ /WOMEN/ /MARRIAGE/ /STUDENT DROP  
OUT/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /PROSTITUTION/ /MIGRATION/ /AFRICA/ /BURKINA FASO/  
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**167. SHARIFF, Halima**

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*Sauti Ya Siti*, No. 13, April-June 1991, p. 6-10  
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**168. STOECKLIN, Daniel**

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**Call No.:** \*\*\* 02.04.02/STO/13228

**169. SWART-KRUGER, Jill**

An Imperfect fit: Street Children and State Intervention: The South African Case  
*Africa Insight*, Vol. 26, No. 3, 1996, p. 231-236

**Abstract:** On 1 June 1996 President Nelson Mandela launched a national programme of action to improve the welfare of South African children. Although street children value the president's expressions of goodwill, these alone cannot change their daily circumstances; the laws and other official procedures that impact directly on their lives are formulated in government ministries. This article examines provisions in the Child Care Act and recent proposed amendments to the Act, and amendments proposed to the Correctional Services Act and the Criminal Procedure Act. It also describes the treatment of street children by law enforcement officers, some of whom are, allegedly, not only punitive but also abusive. The conclusion is that it is vitally important that more attention be paid to the strengths street children display in coping with daily adversities. "The intellectual and problem-solving capacities of street children are way above what would be predicted from their backgrounds". (ASC Leiden Abstract)

**170. SY, Ousmane**

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Mémoire, Certificat d'Etudes Spéciales de Psychiatrie, Université Cheikh Anta Diop de Dakar, Faculté de Médecine, de Pharmacie et d'Odontostomatologie, Mai 2009

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/SEXUAL ABUSE/ /CHILD CARE SERVICES/ /CHILD WELFARE/ /PSYCHIATRY/ /PSYCHOLOGY/ /LEGAL ASPECTS/

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**171. SYLLA, Omar; GUEYE, Momar; COLLIGNON, René (eds.)**

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**172. TACON, Peter; LUNGWANGWA, Geoffrey**

Street Children in Zambia  
Lusaka: Institute for African Studies, 1992, Vol. 1, No. 2. – 22 p.  
(Working Paper Series / Institute for African Studies)

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Paris: Karthala, 2003.- 206 p.  
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**174. TESSIER, Stéphane (ed.)**

L'enfant des rues : contribution à une socio-anthropologie de l'enfant en grande difficulté dans l'espace urbain  
Paris: L'Harmattan, 2005.- vi-474 p.  
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**175. TESSIER, Stéphane (ed.)**

Langages et culture des enfants de la rue  
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/STREET CHILDREN/ /ARTS/ /MUSIC/ /THEATRE/ /CINEMA/ /CHILD LABOUR/ /MARGINALISED CHILDREN/  
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**177. TORIMIRO, Dixon Olu**

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In: Children and Youth in the Labour Process in Africa / Edited. by Osita Agbu  
Dakar: CODESRIA, 2009. - iv-227 p.  
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ISBN: 978-2-86978-251-8

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Les facteurs socio-économiques générateurs du phénomène d'abandon d'enfants en milieu urbain  
Ouagadougou: Université de Ouagadougou, Décembre 1993.- 124 p.  
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**179. TREFON, Théodore, Dir**

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Paris: L'Harmattan, 2004.- 252 p.  
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**180. TRUDELL, Barbara; KING, Kenneth; MCGRATH, Simon; NUGENT, Paul (eds.)**

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/YOUTH/ /AIDS/ /CIVIL WAR/ /RELIGION/ /MARGINALITY/ /STREET CHILDREN/ /LEISURE/ /CULTURE/  
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**181. UNESCO. Bureau International Catholique de l'Enfance**

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**182. VERLET, Martin**

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Dakar: CODESRIA, 2005. – xii-244 p.

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**Call No.:** \*\*\* 14.02.02/HON/13218

**184. WHITE, Ben**

Children, Work and "Child Labour": Changing Responses to the Employment of Children  
*Development and Change*, Vol. 25, No. 4, 1994, October, p. 849-878

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/TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS/ /GOUVERNEMENTS/

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/CHILD LABOUR/ /GOVERNMENT/

**185. WILLIAMS, Christopher G.**

Street Children and Abuse of Power  
*Africa Insight*, Vol. 26, No. 3, 1996, p. 221-230

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/STREET CHILDREN/ /VIOLENCE/ /FAMILY/ /CHILD ABUSE/ /POLICE/ /LAW/ /AFRICA/

**186. WRZESINSKA, Alicja**

Les jeunes africains en difficulté : le cas de la République Démocratique du Congo  
*Africana Bulletin*, No. 46, 1998, p. 149-162

**Résumé:** Tout comme dans nombreuses autres sociétés africaines, au Congo également de plus en plus d'enfants vivent dans la rue. Le sort de ces enfants, qu'il ne faut pas ranger parmi les jeunes délinquants, demeure un problème social de l'Afrique contemporaine à l'époque de grandes transformations s'opérant dans les sociétés et inconnues de l'Afrique traditionnelle, précoloniale. Au Congo, on soulève le problème de la nécessité d'entreprendre des actions en vue de protéger les droits de l'enfant socialement maltraité. Il y a plusieurs organismes engagés dans l'action d'aide aux enfants des rues, enfants "marginalisés", telles l'Œuvre de reclassement et de protection de l'enfance de la rue (ORPER) créée sur l'initiative de prêtres catholiques en 1983, dont le père Frank Roelants de la paroisse Christ-Roi à Kinshasa, l'Aide à l'enfance défavorisée (AED) et la Fondation jeunesse et avenir (Jafed). Cet article évoque les conditions difficiles dans lesquelles vivent les enfants congolais et présente les tentatives de rééducation et de reclassement de la jeunesse "marginalisée" et celles visant la réinsertion sociale de jeunes délinquants entreprises par ces organismes. (Résumé ASC Leiden)

**187. WYSS, Kaspar; NDIAYE, Mamadou; YAMADJI, N'Diékhor; JACOLIN, Pierre (eds.)**

Villes en sursis au Sahel : expériences au Tchad et au Sénégal  
Paris: L'Harmattan, 2000.- 280 p.  
ISBN: 2-7384-9792-6

/URBANISATION/ /VILLES/ /DEVELOPPEMENT URBAIN/ /PARTICIPATION COMMUNAUTAIRE/  
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/MILEZI/ /PIKINE/ /OUAGADOUGOU/

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**188. YOUNG, Lorraine; BARRETT, Hazel**

Issues of Access and Identity Adapting Research Methods with Kampala Street Children  
*Childhood. A Global Journal of Child Research*, Vol. 8, No. 3, 2001, p. 383-395

**Abstract:** The issues of researcher access and identity are important ethical considerations when researching children. They are particularly significant when the children are a highly marginalized group such as those living on the street. Using research with street children in Kampala, Uganda, as an exemplar, this article explores the methodological issues associated with gaining access to street children and reducing the influence of the researcher's 'outsider' identity, when undertaking sociospatial research. Through the adoption of a child-centred methodology and the adaptation of ethnographic, oral and visual methods, in conjunction with the children themselves, this article illustrates how meaningful results can be gleaned without the inhibitory effects of limited access and outsider influence.

## Part II : Electronic documents / Partie II : Documents électroniques

### 1. AMIN, Aloysius Ajab

The Socio-economic Impact of Child Labour in Cameroon / L'impact socio-économique de l'emploi des enfants au Cameroun

*Labour, Capital and Society, Travail, Capital et Société*, Vol. 27, No. 2, 1994, p. 235-248

**Abstract:** The current economic situation in Cameroon has greatly increased the incidence of child labour. The economic crisis has caused a drastic reduction in economic activities and growing unemployment. The informal sector has become very important for the survival of many, notably women and children. Child labour is practised in different forms in both rural and urban environments. In the rural areas, children are mainly involved in agricultural activities, although they also perform domestic tasks. In the urban environment, child labour takes the form of domestic labour, 'invisible' child labour, street child labour, and apprenticeships. There are also children involved in beggary and illegal activities, such as prostitution. Family ties are weakening rapidly in the urban areas, where most children are working under increasingly difficult conditions. The policy implications of this situation are outlined and measures are suggested for improvement. (ASC Leiden abstract)

**Résumé :** Le Cameroun a une population estimative de 12 millions d'habitants, 46,4 % de celle-ci constitue un groupe âgé de 0 à 15 ans, surtout dans les zones rurales. Par conséquent, la force potentielle de l'emploi des enfants est très élevée. Il n'y a pas encore eu des renseignements adéquats sur l'emploi des enfants au Cameroun. Néanmoins, les observations faites en passant montrent une incidence élevée du travail que font les enfants dans le pays entier. En termes réels, le PIB a connu une baisse de 50 % dans les cinq dernières années. Le pouvoir d'achat global a brutalement chuté, le revenu par habitant a baissé, donnant un taux de croissance démographique de 2,9 %. Depuis un certain temps, le gouvernement met en exécution l'ajustement structurel ou le programme de redressement économique. Le résultat de tout ceci est la réduction des dépenses dans le secteur social, de la qualité et la quantité de l'enseignement, surtout dans le secteur primaire et cela amène augmentation du taux de chômage. Il y a une tendance vers l'augmentation de l'analphabétisme, ainsi que de la pauvreté et des familles s'engagent de plus en plus dans les activités économiques marginales et irrégulières. De plus, il y a un nombre croissant des enfants qui s'engagent dans des activités diverses visant, soit à augmenter le revenu de la famille, soit simplement comme des moyens de survie. Tous ces facteurs ont des conséquences graves en ce qui concerne le travail que font les enfants. Il y a des facteurs étroitement liés entre eux qui contribuent à l'emploi des enfants surtout dans les conditions où ils sont exploités. Nous avons fait des analyses détaillées qui mettent l'accent sur des activités et leurs conséquences sur les enfants, les familles et l'économie. Cette étude finit par mettre l'accent sur les implications politiques de grande envergure et des suggestions. (Abstract from author)

<http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/pdf?vid=14&hid=107&sid=93b072f2-85e7-4c8b-b320-813f6a2f8217%40sessionmgr111>

### 2. ANARFI, John

Voices of Child Migrants: a Better Understanding of How Life is

University of Sussex Development Research Centre on Migration, Globalisation and Poverty, 2005 - 56 p.

[http://www.childtrafficking.com/Docs/anarfi\\_05\\_voices\\_mig\\_better\\_0408.pdf](http://www.childtrafficking.com/Docs/anarfi_05_voices_mig_better_0408.pdf)

### 3. APTEKAR, Lewis; HEINONEN, Paola

Methodological Implications of Contextual Diversity in Research on Street Children

*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No. 1, Spring 2003

**Abstract:** This paper draws on findings from research conducted by the authors in Nairobi, Kenya; Cali, Colombia; and Addis Ababa, Ethiopia to suggest the significance that the diversity of street children has for

research. It considers implications of this heterogeneity for sampling and data collection, while advising caution in taking the validity of studies of street children at face value.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13\\_1Articles/CYE\\_CurrentIssue\\_ArticleMethodologicalImplication\\_Aptekar\\_Heinonen.htm](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13_1Articles/CYE_CurrentIssue_ArticleMethodologicalImplication_Aptekar_Heinonen.htm)

#### **4. BEAZLEY, Harriot**

The Construction and Protection of Individual and Collective Identities by Street Children and Youth in Indonesia

*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No. 1, Spring 2003

**Abstract:** Indonesia has a proliferation of children living on the streets of its larger cities. In the eyes of the state and dominant society, these children are seen to be committing a social violation, as their very presence contradicts state ideological discourse on family values and ideas about public order. Such an offence justifies the 'cleaning up' of children from the streets, arrests, imprisonment and, in some extreme cases, torture and extermination. As a response to their marginalisation and subordination, street children in Yogyakarta, Central Java, have developed a 'repertoire of strategies' in order to survive. These include the appropriation of urban niches within the city, in which they are able to earn money, feel safe and find enjoyment. These spaces have become territories in which identities are constructed, and where alternative communities are formed, and where street kids have created collective solutions for the dilemmas they confront in their everyday lives.

This paper is a social analysis of the street boys' social world which exists within these marginal spaces. Using Visano's (1990) concept of a street child's life as a 'career', I examine the socialisation into the street child subculture: the Tikyan. By employing Turner's (1985,1994) 'self-categorization' theory, I discuss how a street boy's individual identity construction and performance entails a continual interaction with the Tikyan collective identity. Further, by drawing on the work of subcultural theorists, I reflect on how the Tikyan have developed their own code of street ethics, values and hierarchies, as a reaction to, and a subversion of, their imposed exclusion. I show how the Tikyan actively reject their 'victim' or 'deviant' label, and 'decorate' street life so that it becomes agreeable in their eyes. Instead of complaining about their lives (which is considered bad form), they reinforce the things that they feel are good about living on the street. Always, they are attempting to look for proof that street life is better than conventional life. Problems are often glossed over and treated with humour and a light-hearted disregard, and the children create a doctrine for themselves that it is 'great in the street'; a cod-philosophy which is constructed to make life more tolerable. Over the months or years street children and youth learn to interact and comply with the expectations of their own group, and are more influenced by it. It is in this way that the Tikyan community enables a street child to establish a new identity, and is a means through which street children can voice their collective indignation at the way they are treated by mainstream society.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13\\_1Articles/CYE\\_CurrentIssue\\_Article\\_ChildrenYouthIndonesia\\_Beazley.htm](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13_1Articles/CYE_CurrentIssue_Article_ChildrenYouthIndonesia_Beazley.htm)

#### **5. BENITEZ, Sarah Thomas de**

Reactive, Protective and Rights-Based Approaches in Work with Homeless Street Youth

*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No. 1, Spring 2003, 16 p.

**Abstract:** Homeless children on the streets are one of the most disadvantaged sectors of urban youth. Their circumstances leave them without access to many of their human rights and excluded from mainstream society. Policies that affect these young people can range from broad based to targeted initiatives- each brings advantages and disadvantages. This paper distinguishes three basic approaches that cut across this typology and describes how governments view and treat homeless street children. There are three main governmental approaches: reactive, protective and rights-based. The distinguishable impacts of each type of policy on the lives of homeless children who live in the streets are drawn out in this paper. Broad-based initiatives within a rights-based governmental approach, into which targeted initiatives by civil society can be integrated, seem a potentially effective combination for including homeless street children as participants in the wider society.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/ReactiveProtective\\_Vol13\(1\).pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/ReactiveProtective_Vol13(1).pdf)

**6. BHALOTRA, Sonia**

Child Labour in Africa

Paris: OECD, 2003. – 78 p.

(OECD Social Employment and Migration Working Papers, No. 4)

DELSA/ELSA/WD/SEM(2003)4

<http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/28/21/2955692.pdf>

**7. BIBARS, Iman**

Street Children in Egypt: from the Home to the Street to Inappropriate Corrective Institutions  
*Environment and Urbanization*, Vol. 10, No. 1, April 1998

**Abstract:** This paper draws on interviews with children on the street, in corrective institutions and in low-income households to describe the pressures that eject them from homes, and the abuse and exploitation they have suffered at the hands of the police, the corrective institutions and, often, their own families. It also describes the inappropriate laws and public attitudes that underlie such problems.

<http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/interest/bibas.pdf>

**8. BLACKMAN, Brandy**

Intervening in the Lives of Street Children: a case from Zambia

New York: Maxwell School of Citizenship and Public Affairs, 2001. – 45 p.

(Best Papers Series, Symposium on Global Issues in Public Administration)

**Abstract:** There have always been orphaned, abandoned and working children in the world. Historically, however, adequate systems to deal with these children existed. In the more industrialized societies, they were placed as apprentices, into foster care or in institutions. In the more traditional societies, they were absorbed into the extended family network. Many of these same tactics are still used in industrialized countries. However, in the past few decades, the unmanageable burden of debt, the AIDS pandemic and the overall lack of development in non-industrialized countries have led to the near dissolution of the extended family safety net. It is no longer possible for needy children to be taken in, and even children who do reside with their families, may spend most of their time working in the streets. These children, known as street children, are the unfortunate products of modern-day social and economic systems. Unless these systems are amended, the street child phenomenon will not subside. Nevertheless, unique and individual children are on the streets today. They have a right to safety, shelter, adequate nutrition, education and the other basic necessities of life. Therefore, development practitioners concerned about street children, have an obligation to design and implement relevant and functional forms of intervention. This paper attempts to highlight the main factors underlying the street child phenomenon, the types of intervention that have been most often relied upon, and the details of one case study from Zambia. Finally, questions to be thoughtfully and carefully considered before beginning a program for street children are offered.

[http://faculty.maxwell.syr.edu/jrshiffman/symposium%20files/Best%20Papers%20\(pdf\)/Brandy%20Blackman%20paper.pdf](http://faculty.maxwell.syr.edu/jrshiffman/symposium%20files/Best%20Papers%20(pdf)/Brandy%20Blackman%20paper.pdf)

**9. BOMPARD, F.; MARGUERAT, Yves**

Le temps, l'argent et le sexe : note sur la psychologie de l'enfant de la rue en Afrique Noire

**Auteur(s) :** Source : Cahiers de Marjovia (FRA), 1996, No 3, p. 72-74,

**Date :** 1996, **Cote :** F B010022043/2; B COL 28/1

**Pages :** 3, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 298.79ko

**Mots clef :** AFRIQUE SUBSAHARIENNE / ENFANT DE LA RUE; ENFANT; PSYCHOLOGIE; SOCIETE URBAINE; VILLE; SEXUALITE; PROSTITUTION; ARGENT; VIOLENCE; EDUCATION DES ENFANTS

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/b\\_fdi\\_55-56/010022043.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/b_fdi_55-56/010022043.pdf)



**10. BOURDILLON, Michael F.C.**

Street Children in Harare

*Africa / International African Institute*, Vol. 64, No. 1994, p. 516-532

**Abstract:** After giving some general information about children working on the streets of Harare, the article discusses the way children live on the streets when the streets become their home. It gives some reasons for their being on the streets, describes how they organise themselves and how they earn a living, and comments on their values. The article goes on to point out that there are a variety of perspectives on where the problem of street children lies, and to outline possible lines of intervention.

**Résumé :** Après avoir donné des informations générales sur les enfants travaillant dans les rues de Harare, cet article discute de la manière dont les enfants vivent dans les rues lorsque les rues deviennent leur foyer. L'article propose des raisons pour expliquer pourquoi ils sont dans les rues, décrit comment ils s'organisent par eux-mêmes et comment ils gagnent leur vie, et commente sur leurs valeurs. Cet article fait ensuite remarquer qu'il y a une variété de perspectives sur les causes du problème des enfants de la rue, et expose des plans d'interventions possibles.

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/pdfplus/1161371.pdf>

**11. BOURDILLON, Michael**

Violence against Working Children: A Report on Recent Research Relating to Work that is Harmful to Children

Stockholm: Save the Children, 2006. – 49 p.

ISBN 13: 978-91-7321-203-8 / ISBN 10: 91-7321-203-2

<http://www.streetchildren.org.uk/reports/Violence%20against%20Working%20Children.pdf>

**12. BOYDEN, Joe; LEVISON, Deborah**

Children as Economic and Social Actors in the Development Process

Stockholm: Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Expert Group on Development Issues, 2000. - 67 p.

(Working Paper 1, Expert Group on Development Issues)

[www.egdi.gov.se/pdf/workpaper.pdf](http://www.egdi.gov.se/pdf/workpaper.pdf).

**13. BROWN, Drusilla K.; DEARDORFF, Alan V.; STERN, Robert M.**

Child Labor: Theory, Evidence, and Policy

Michigan: School of Public Policy, The University of Michigan, 2001. – 71 p.

Research Seminar in International Economics

(Discussion Paper No. 474)

**Abstract:** There is a growing theoretical and empirical literature concerning the causes and consequences of child labor. The objective of this paper is to evaluate the policy initiatives targeted on child labor in light of the newly emerging theoretical argumentation and empirical evidence. We focus in particular on programs to address child-labor practices, and we attempt to evaluate these programs, given the empirical evidence concerning the primary determinants of when and why children work. Throughout, we find it instructive to evaluate the policies that have been adopted with the intent of reducing overall child labor in terms of the impact they are likely have on the welfare of children.

<http://www.fordschool.umich.edu/rsie/workingpapers/Papers451-475/r474.pdf>

**14. BUTLER, Udi; RIZZINI, Irene**

Young People Living and Working on the Streets of Brazil: Revisiting the Literature

*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No.1, Spring 2003

**Abstract:** Young people living and working on the street can be seen as a bitter fruit in a complex tree of poverty and inequality, and a conspicuously visible fruit for reasons we will relate in this paper. Children and adolescents living on the street outside parental supervision is not in itself new, equally, though there are

constant reports referring to the increasing number of this population there is little evidence, apart from periods of acute economic and social stability such as that between the late 70s and early 80s, that this is indeed the case. What instead has changed is the way this phenomenon is viewed, interpreted and acted upon by wider society. This paper is an attempt to trace how this understanding has transformed in Brazil from a period two decades ago, when the phenomenon can be said to have become the concern of society at large, up to the present. In seeking out this trajectory this paper focuses upon academic research produced between 1980 and 2000, pointing out how research focuses, concepts and terminology has changed over this period.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13\\_1Articles/CYE\\_CurrentIssue\\_Article\\_StreetsBrazil\\_ButlerRizzini.htm](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13_1Articles/CYE_CurrentIssue_Article_StreetsBrazil_ButlerRizzini.htm)

**15. CHENEY, Kristen E.**

"Village Life is better than Town Life": Identity, Migration, and Development in the Lives of Ugandan Child Citizens

*African Studies Review*, Vol. 47, No. 3, December 2004, p. 1-22

**Abstract:** This article contextualizes Ugandan urban-rural relations through urban children's knowledge, imaginations, and experiences, which are affected by the present socio historic moment in Uganda. Influenced by urban-rural migration, changing notions of family and kinship, and the national government's prolific "development-through-education" campaign, urban schoolchildren imagine "the village" both as an integral imaginary space of ethnic identity origination and a location for fulfillment of national citizenship through development.

**Résumé :** Cet article contextualise les relations entre les milieux urbains et ruraux ougandais par le biais des connaissances, de l'imagination et de l'expérience des enfants en milieu urbain sous l'impact du moment socio-historique que l'Ouganda est en train de vivre. Influencés par l'évolution des notions de famille et de parenté, la migration entre les zones urbaines et rurales et la campagne prolifique menée par le gouvernement au niveau national sur le thème "développement par l'éducation," les écoliers urbains conçoivent le "village" comme espace imaginaire intégral du berceau de leur identité ethnique et du lieu d'accomplissement de la citoyenneté nationale grâce au développement.

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/1514940>

**16. DIOUF, Mamadou**

Engaging Postcolonial Cultures: African Youth and Public Space

*African Studies Review*, Vol. 46, No. 2, September, 2003, p. 1-12

**Abstract:** The violent irruption of African youth into the public and domestic spheres seems to have resulted in the construction of their behavior as a threat, and to have provoked, within society as a whole, a panic that is simultaneously moral and civic. At issue are the bodies of young people and their behavior, which escape the constraints of social construction, their sexuality and pleasure, as well as the formulas of their action and presence as junior social actors. The new situation has consequences for several issues, the most important of which are the redefinition of the relationships between identity and citizenship in the whirlwind of globalization, the metamorphoses of the processes of socialization, the production of new forms of inequality accompanied by their own representations and imaginations, and the extraordinary mutation of the chronological and psychological constructions of the passage from youth to adulthood.

**Résumé :** La violente irruption de la jeunesse africaine dans les sphères publiques et domestiques semble avoir eu pour conséquence la construction de leur comportement comme menace, et semble avoir provoqué dans l'ensemble de la société une panique à la fois morale et civique. Les arguments invoqués sont les corps des jeunes gens et leur comportement, qui échappent aux contraintes de la construction sociale; leur sexualité et leur plaisir; ainsi que les codes régissant leurs actions et leur présence en tant que jeunes acteurs sociaux. Cette nouvelle situation a des conséquences dans plusieurs domaines, les plus importants d'entre eux étant la redéfinition des relations entre identité et citoyenneté, prises dans le tourbillon de la

globalisation; les métamorphoses des processus de socialisation; la production de nouvelles formes d'inégalité, accompagnées de leurs représentations et de leur imaginaire spécifiques; et l'extraordinaire mutation des constructions chronologiques et psychologiques du passage de la jeunesse à l'âge adulte.

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/1514823>

**17. DIOUF, M.; COLLIGNON, R.**

Les jeunes du Sud et le temps du monde : identité, conflits et adaptations

**IN** : Diouf, M. (ed.); Collignon, R. (ed.) - Les jeunes : hantise de l'espace public dans les sociétés du Sud

**Source** : Autrepart (FRA), 2001, No 18, p. 5-15, bibl.

**Date** : 2001, **Cote** : F A010026453/1; B PB 555/1; M PM 352/2

**Pages** : 11, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 102.11ko

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[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/autrepart/010031908.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/autrepart/010031908.pdf)

**18. EBIGBO, P.O.**

"Street Children: The Core of Child Abuse and Neglect in Nigeria"

*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No. 1, Spring 2003

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/StChldrnNigeria\\_AfricaInsight.pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/StChldrnNigeria_AfricaInsight.pdf)

Reprinted with permission from *Africa Insight*, Vol. 26, No. 3, 1996

**19. ELDRING, Line**

Child Labour in the Tea Sector in Malawi. A Pilot Study

Oslo: Fafo Institute for Applied Social Science, 20003. – 40 p.

Fafo-paper 2003:16

**Abstract:** Child labour is rampant in Malawi, and attention has especially been directed at the tobacco-growing sector. Less is known about the situation in other commercial agricultural sectors, as the tea sector, which is another major export sector in the Malawian economy. The objective of this pilot study has been to get an overview of existing information and knowledge on child labour in the tea sector in Malawi and to explore the needs for further research.

<http://www.faf.no/pub/rapp/714/714.pdf>

**20. ELDRING, Line; NAKANYANE, Sabata; TSHOAEDI, Malehoko**

Child Labour in the Tobacco Growing Sector in Africa

Report prepared for the IUF/ITGA/BAT Conference on the Elimination of Child Labour, Nairobi 8-9th October 2000

Oslo: Fafo, 2000. – 98 p.

Fafo-paper 2000:21

<http://www.faf.no/pub/rapp/654/654.pdf>

**21. ENNEW, Judith**

Difficult Circumstances: Some Reflections on "Street Children" in Africa

*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No.1, Spring 2003

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/DifficultCircum\\_AfricaInsight.pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/DifficultCircum_AfricaInsight.pdf)

Reprinted with permission from *Africa Insight*, Vol. 26, No. 3, 1996

**22. ENNEW, Judith; SWART-KRUGER, Jill**

Introduction: Homes, Places and Spaces in the Construction of Street Children and Street Youth

*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No.1, Spring 2003,  
[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13\\_1Articles/CYE\\_CurrentIssue\\_ArticleIntro\\_Kruger\\_Ennew.htm](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13_1Articles/CYE_CurrentIssue_ArticleIntro_Kruger_Ennew.htm)

**23. ERULKAR, Annabel S.; MEKBIB, Tekle-Ab; SIMIE, Negussie; GULEMA, Tsehai**

Migration and Vulnerability among Adolescents in Slum Areas of Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

*Journal of Youth Studies*, Volume 9, Issue 3, July 2006, p. 361 - 374

**Abstract:** Studies of urban rural migration often find the most likely migrants are adolescents and young people. Yet few studies have explored patterns of adolescent migration and the role of migration in transitions to adulthood. This study uses data from a population-based survey of over 1000 adolescents aged 10-19 in slum areas of Addis Ababa. Twenty-three per cent of boys and 45 per cent of girls have migrated into the city, mostly from rural areas, mainly for educational or work opportunities. Nearly one quarter of female migrants moved to escape early marriage in their rural homes. Migrants in this study were more vulnerable than natives in terms of lacking of parental presence, schooling, and social connectedness. Such young people, most of whom are girls, are 'falling through the cracks' of policy and programs and in need of increased program attention.

[http://pdfserve.informaworld.com/799955\\_731255499\\_749189126.pdf](http://pdfserve.informaworld.com/799955_731255499_749189126.pdf)

**24. FUJIMURA, Clementine**

Adult Stigmatization and the Hidden Power of Homeless Children in Russia

*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No. 1, Spring 2003

**Abstract:** Abandoned by their families and the state, Russian homeless children have found power in the culture of street life. This study uncovers the hidden strength abandoned children feel in the context of Russia's social instability and neglect of orphans. Traditional means to care for orphans and street children have not helped these children to succeed in Russian society. It is the belief of this author that marginalization of abandoned children will end when their emotional as well as physical needs are met appropriately and their true spirit is acknowledged.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13\\_1Articles/CYE\\_CurrentIssue\\_Article\\_ChildrenInRussia\\_Fujimura.htm](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13_1Articles/CYE_CurrentIssue_Article_ChildrenInRussia_Fujimura.htm)

**25. GABRIEL, Michelle**

Youth Migration and Social Advancement: How Young People Manage Emerging Differences between themselves and their Hometown

*Journal of Youth Studies*, Volume 9, Issue 1, February 2006, p. 33 - 46

**Abstract:** The phenomenon of youth out-migration from rural areas has attracted renewed governmental attention in the context of recent rural economic adjustment and decline across advanced industrial nations. While this trend is well documented in demographic and economic research, youth researchers have sought to extend this analysis beyond descriptive patterns of migration to an understanding of how rural\_/urban migration is positioned within a complex of youth transitions, as well as an understanding of the subjective experiences of youth migration. This paper contributes to this literature in its focus on young people's experiences of geographical out-migration and social advancement.

Based on in-depth interviews with young people from rural Tasmania, this paper draws attention to the emerging differences between young people and their peers, their family and their community on leaving their hometown, and the strategies employed by young people to manage these spatial and cultural differences.

[http://pdfserve.informaworld.com/691890\\_731255499\\_741511257.pdf](http://pdfserve.informaworld.com/691890_731255499_741511257.pdf)

**26. GIANI, Laura**

Migration and Education: Child Migrants in Bangladesh

University of Sussex, March 2006. – 19 p.

Sussex Migration Working Paper No. 33

**Abstract:** The paper examines the rural-urban migration patterns of children who move to Dhaka city, Bangladesh, either on their own or with their parents. It explores the consequences that the migration process driven by economic and social reasons has on children's education. The paper is based on a critical review of the available literature on child labour in Bangladesh and of academic studies on child labour migration. The findings of this work show that the inter-links between migration and education are more complex than the simple assumption that children's migration undermines their education and the literature suggests an ambivalent picture. However, poverty as well as the poor standards of education in the country, are strong arguments in explaining these linkages.

<http://www.sussex.ac.uk/migration/documents/mwp33.pdf>

**27. GILLIGAN, Brian J.; RAJBHANDARI, Retika.**

HIV/AIDS and Working Children in Nepal

Kathmandu, International Labour Office in Nepal, International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour, January 2004. – 45 p.

ILO/IPEC paper

<http://www.ilo.org/public/english/region/asro/newdelhi/ipec/download/resources/nepal/nppubl04eng1.pdf>

**28. GRANT, Miriam**

Difficult Debut: Social and Economic Identities of Urban Youth in Bulawayo, Zimbabwe

*Canadian Journal of African Studies / Revue Canadienne des Études Africaines*, Vol. 37, No. 2/3, 2003, p. 411-439

**Résumé :** Cet article explore les liens entre l'éducation, la vulnérabilité sur les plans économique et du logement, et les relations sociales pour la jeunesse des villes à la suite des crises économiques et sociales / épidémiologiques de plus en plus graves qui ont résulté de l'ajustement structurel et du VIH/SIDA au Zimbabwe. Se fondant sur une étude longitudinale de 120 entretiens de ménages auxquelles participaient des jeunes et leurs parents / tuteurs en 1998 et 1999 à Bulawayo au Zimbabwe, l'article examine la manière dont les jeunes prennent la responsabilité de leurs identités sociales et économiques et le rôle qu'y jouent les membres du ménage et de la communauté. L'article conclut par une brève exploration de l'idée selon laquelle le développement et l'éducation de la jeunesse représentent un aspect important du capital social.

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/4107245>

**29. GRIMSRUD, Bjørne ; STOKKE, Liv Jorunn**

Child Labour in Africa: Poverty or Institutional Failures? The Cases of Egypt and Zimbabwe

Oslo: Fafo Institute for Applied Social Science, 1997, 50 p.

Fafo Report, 233

ISBN 82-7422-198-2

**Abstract:** There are considerable differences in the incidences of child labour between different countries at similar stages of economic development. This report examines non-economic or institutional differences in contemporary Africa, with the objective of identifying and describing links between institutional settings and the existence of child labour. It is the hope that this analyses will help to create space for a wider range of action against child labour by African governments as well as within development aid strategies by donor countries.

Fafo has produced this report with financial support from the Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs as a background paper for the International Conference against Child Labour in Oslo October 1997.

<http://www.faf.no/pub/rapp/233/233.pdf>

**30. GUARCELLO, Lorenzo; MEALLI, Lorenzo; ROSATI, Furio Camillo**

Household Vulnerability and Child Labor: The Effect of Shocks, Credit Rationing and Insurance

UCW (Understanding Children's Work): ILO: UNICEF: Worldbank Project, July, 2003. – 37 p.

**Abstract:** Building upon the social-risk management approach, this paper examines dimensions of household behavior that are important for risk management and reduction of vulnerability, beyond issues of consumption. This paper attempts to assess to what extent risk and vulnerability factors are relevant for household decisions concerning children's school attendance and labor supply. Particular focus has been given to the evaluation of the effect of shocks, credit rationing and insurance on household decisions concerning children's activities.

On the basis of a theoretical approach based on well known results relative to human capital investment decision and children's labor supply, the paper developed an estimation strategy that allows an assessment of the importance of a set of risk factors. Because of the potential endogeneity of the variable of interest, a methodology based on propensity scores was applied. We also carried out a sensitivity analysis in order to assess the robustness of our causal inference with respect to unobservable household characteristics. The results indicate the relevance that the occurrence of shocks has for children's labor supply and school attendance. Credit rationing also appears to be an important cause of school attendance and, to a lesser extent, of child labor. This evidence, together with the role that insurance appears to play, strongly support the role of SMR approach in the area of child labor.

[http://www.ceistorvergata.it/public/files/mesci/events/Guarcello %20Child%20Labour%20vulnerability.pdf](http://www.ceistorvergata.it/public/files/mesci/events/Guarcello%20Child%20Labour%20vulnerability.pdf)

### **31. GUGLER, Josef**

The Son of the Hawk Does Not Remain Abroad: The Urban-Rural Connection in Africa  
*African Studies Review*, Vol. 45, No. 1, April, 2002, p. 21-41

**Abstract:** Most rural-urban migrants maintain significant ties with their communities of origin in Africa south of the Sahara. Contrary to "modernist" assumptions that these ties would fade away, they often continue to be strong. This urban-rural connection has important consequences for rural-urban migration, for urban-rural return migration, for the rural economy, and for the political process. To understand the processes underpinning the urban-rural connection we need to distinguish different migration strategies and to deconstruct the notion of "rural." Depending on their migration strategies, urban residents connect with a range of actors at the rural end: more or less closely related kin, kinship groups, non-kin groups, villages, larger political entities. These connections play out differently for men and women.

**Résumé:** La plupart des personnes émigrant des zones rurales vers les zones urbaines maintiennent des liens importants avec leur communauté d'origine au sud du Sahara Africain. Contrairement aux conjectures « modernistes » selon lesquelles ils se déferaient progressivement, ces liens restent souvent solides. Cette connexion entre le rural et l'urbain a des conséquences importantes en ce qui concerne la migration des zones rurales vers les zones urbaines, la migration inverse des zones urbaines vers les zones rurales, l'économie rurale, et les processus politiques. Pour comprendre les processus sous-jacents à cette connexion entre l'urbain et le rural, il est nécessaire de faire la différence entre les diverses stratégies de migration, et de déconstruire le terme « rural ». En fonction de leurs stratégies de migration, les résidents des zones urbaines s'associent avec un éventail de protagonistes du monde rural: parents plus ou moins proches, groupes parentaux, groupes non-parentaux, villages, et plus grandes entités au niveau politique. Ces connexions se manifestent de manière différente pour les hommes et pour les femmes.

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/1515006>

### **32. HANSSON, Desiree**

"Strolling" as a Gendered Experience: A Feminist Analysis of Young Females in Cape Town  
*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No.1, Spring 2003

**Abstract:** This paper uses a feminist perspective to investigate the daily lives of girls who "stroll" on the streets of Cape Town, South Africa. The dynamics of daily street life are described and group composition and individual roles are demarcated. The common assumption that girls who enter the streets are caught up in prostitution rackets, and that this explains why fewer girls are found on the streets than boys, is rejected. Reasons for the presence of fewer girls are on the streets are sought in their home backgrounds instead.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13\\_1Articles/CYE\\_CurrentIssue\\_Article\\_Strolling\\_Hansson.htm](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13_1Articles/CYE_CurrentIssue_Article_Strolling_Hansson.htm)

**33. HATLOY, Anne; HUSER, Anne**

Report: Identification of Street Children, Characteristics of Street Children in Bamako and Accra  
Oslo: FAFO, Research Program on Trafficking and Child Labour, 2005. – 96 p.  
FAFO Report, 474  
ISBN 82-7422-477-9

**Abstract:** This report presents the results of a study of the street children population in two West African cities: Bamako in Mali and Accra in Ghana.

The main aim of this study was to develop methodologies for difficult to reach populations, i.e. populations that are not found within household structures or schools, and to give the characteristics of the street children population in Bamako and Accra. In Bamako, the majority of the street children are boys, while in Accra, the majority of the street children are girls. The age structure is similar; in both cities, the street children are mainly between 14 and 17 years old. A large share of the children have been living in the streets for less than three months and they have regular contact with their parents. The children say that life in the streets is worse than life at home. Still, most of them do not want to go back home – their hope for the future is to get a better job.

The report is the third in a series of working papers from a Fafo research program on trafficking and child labour, generously financed by the Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

<http://www.fafo.no/pub/rapp/474/474.pdf>

**34. KAUFMAN, Carol Ellen ; STAVROU, Stravos E.**

"Bus Fare, Please": The Economics of Sex and Gifts among Adolescents in Urban South Africa  
New York: Population Council, 2002. – 26 p.  
(Policy Research Division working papers, No. 166)  
<http://www.popcouncil.org/pdfs/wp/166.pdf>

**35. KEENAN, Caroline**

Meeting Youth Where They Live: Participatory Approaches to Research with Marginalized Youth Engaged in Urban Agriculture  
*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 17, No. 3, p. 198-212

**Abstract:** The study described is an exploration of the potential of urban agriculture projects in improving the lives of marginalized youth in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania. The study employed various participatory approaches to research, and speaks to the importance of meaningfully engaging young participants in the process of research so as to ensure that their voices and experiences are heard, rather than having an adult researcher observing, interpreting and speaking on their behalf.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/17\\_3/17\\_3\\_13\\_WhereTheyLive.pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/17_3/17_3_13_WhereTheyLive.pdf)

**36. KOBAYASHI, Yoko**

Economic Livelihoods for Street Children: A Review  
Development Alternatives, Inc (DAI), 2004. – 73 p.

**Abstract:** This report presents the lessons learned - both positive and negative - from economic livelihood programs aimed at improving the economic future of participating street children and youth around the world: programs like vocational training, production workshops, apprenticeship programs, entrepreneurship development training, and microcredit schemes.

The report also includes two case studies of microcredit/youth programs.

[http://www.microlinks.org/ev01.php?ID=25940\\_201&ID2=DO\\_TOPIC](http://www.microlinks.org/ev01.php?ID=25940_201&ID2=DO_TOPIC)

**37. KOPOKA, Peter Anthony**

The Problem of Street Children in Africa: an Ignored Tragedy  
International Conference on Street Children and Street Children's Health in East Africa, University of Dar Es-Salaam, Tanzania, April 19th - 21st April 2000. 24 p.  
<http://www.fiuc.org/iaup/ssi/PDF-doc/IDS-doc/Streetchildren.pdf>

**38. KRUGER, Jill M.; RICHTER, L.M.**

South African Street Children at Risk for AIDS?  
*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No; 1, Spring 2003  
[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/SAfricaStChldrn\\_AfricaInsight.pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/SAfricaStChldrn_AfricaInsight.pdf)  
Reprinted with permission from *Africa Insight* vol. 26, No. 3, 1996

**39. KYNOCH, Gary**

From the Ninevites to the Hard Livings Gang: Township Gangsters and Urban Violence in Twentieth-century South Africa  
*African Studies*, Vol. 58, 1999, No. 1, p. 55-85

**Abstract:** Given the problem of violent crime, the proliferation of criminal syndicates, many of which rely on street gangs, and the expansion of vigilante movements in South Africa, it seems apposite to explore the roots of urban gangsterism. Since their establishment, the segregated African and Coloured residential areas referred to as townships have proved a breeding ground for criminal gangs. This paper, which is based on police archives, newspaper reports and interviews conducted in Soweto and Lesotho in 1998, draws attention to trends in ganging and gang violence in twentieth-century South Africa, presenting a historical overview and giving attention to relationships between gangs and different sectors of township communities and gangsters' ability to exploit divisions within urban populations. The following aspects are considered: the formation, composition and activities of gangs, and gang-community relations with attention to gender, ethnicity, generation, culture, class and identity formation. Socially fragmented communities appear to be susceptible to violence. The authorities, notably the South African Police, seem to have been actively involved in promoting and sponsoring gangs. The political agenda of the National Party and the actions of the government security forces often created a climate conducive to the proliferation of violent gang activity.

<http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/pdf?vid=12&hid=101&sid=a89fe860-7a21-4a0b-a2cc-23aca50bc70f%40replicon103>

**40. LE BRIS, Emile; CHAUVEAU, FANNY (eds.)**

Jeunes, ville, emploi : quel avenir pour la jeunesse africaine ?  
**Source** : La Documentation Française, Paris (FRA), 1993, 352 p., bibl., ill. - (Focal Coop (FRA)) - Jeunes Ville Emploi : Quel Avenir pour la Jeunesse Africaine ?, 26-29 octobre 1992, Paris, FRA  
**Date** : 1993, **Cote** : F A41273/2; M 100TRAVA PAR/1  
**Pages** : 353, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 22957.40ko  
**Mots clef** : AFRIQUE SUBSAHARIENNE / AJUSTEMENT STRUCTUREL; JEUNESSE; MILIEU URBAIN; URBANISATION; EMPLOI; PROBLEMES SOCIAUX; DELINQUANCE; STUPEFIANT; EDUCATION; TRAVAIL; FEMME; CHOMAGE; MIGRATION; PROGRAMME D'AJUSTEMENT  
[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/carton01/41273.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/carton01/41273.pdf)

**41. LUKALO, Fibian Kavulani**

Extended Handshake or Wrestling Match? : Youth and Urban Culture Celebrating Politics in Kenya  
Uppsala: Nordiska Afrikainstitutet, 2006. - 66 p.  
(Discussion paper, ISSN 1104-8417; 32)  
ISBN 91-7106-567-9  
<http://www.nai.uu.se/publications/download.html/9171065679.pdf?id=25169>



**42. MALONE, Karen**

Children, Youth and Sustainable Cities

*Local Environment*, Vol. 6, No. 1, 2001, p. 5-12

<http://unpan1.un.org/intradoc/groups/public/documents/APCITY/UNPAN012799.pdf>

**43. MARCOUX, Richard**

Des inactifs qui ne chôment pas: une réflexion sur le travail des enfants en milieu urbain au Mali / Invisible Workers : A Reflection on Child Labour in the Urban Milieu of Mali

*Labour, Capital and Society / Travail, Capital et Société*, Vol. 27, No. 2, 1994, p. 297-319

**Abstract:** Studies on labour in the African urban milieu pay very little attention to domestic or household labour. One would imagine that compared to the rural milieu, household labour would account for much less in the city. However, by gathering different information, in particular information about the Malian urban milieu, we have established that this type of activity accounts for a significant amount of the working time of city-dwellers. While considering the concept of the division of labour within the family, we have been able to show that the majority of domestic and household labour is performed essentially by women and children. Examining the situation of household labour in the African urban milieu appears necessary in order to understand the role and place of children as well as their ties with the transformation of the family that is taking place in these societies. [Abstract from author]

**Résumé:** Cet article démontre qu'entre l'école et le marché du travail urbain au Mali, il existe un secteur qui occupe largement les enfants et dont la 'production' s'avère nécessaire pour assurer la subsistance des ménages. Pour ce faire, l'auteur examine les conditions concrètes dans lesquelles est assurée la subsistance des ménages en milieu urbain. L'article se compose de trois parties. Dans la première partie, l'auteur fait ressortir la nécessité d'inclure le travail domestique à l'intérieur des activités de subsistance et ce, afin de pouvoir comprendre les mécanismes de l'organisation du travail au sein des ménages en milieu urbain. Les deuxième et troisième parties traitent respectivement de la division sexuelle du travail et de la division familiale du travail. Cette réflexion conduit l'auteur à proposer un cadre d'analyse qui repose sur l'articulation d'une triple division du travail à l'intérieur du ménage: entre domestique et économique, entre hommes et femmes, et entre adultes et enfants. [Résumé ASC Leiden]

<http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/pdf?vid=18&hid=107&sid=3f1788da-f593-4400-aab4-2dfff4f49a2%40sessionmgr110>

**44. MARGUERAT, Yves**

A la découverte des enfants de la rue d'Abidjan : des visages et des chiffres pour les comprendre

**Auteur(s) :** Marguerat, Yves

**IN :** Marguerat, Yves (dir.) - Garçons et filles des rues dans la ville africaine : diversité et dynamique des marginalités juvéniles à Abidjan, Nairobi, Antananarivo : rapport de l'équipe de recherche Dynamique du Monde des Jeunes de la Rue : recherches compar

**Source :** EHESS, Paris (FRA), 2003, p. 15-36, bibl., tabl.

**Date :** 2003, **Cote :** F A010032401/2; M 106PROSO MAR/1

**Pages :** 22, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 207.01ko

**Mots clef :** COTE D'IVOIRE; ABIDJAN / ENFANT DE LA RUE; FOYER D'ACCUEIL; ENFANT; JEUNESSE; MARGINALITE; URBANISATION; CAPITALE; TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS; ORIGINE GEOGRAPHIQUE; GROUPE ETHNIQUE; SCOLARISATION; NIVEAU D'INSTRUCTION; FAMILLE; DESTRUCTURATION SOCIALE; DIVORCE

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/divers2/010032403.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/divers2/010032403.pdf)

**45. MARGUERAT, Yves**

Antananarivo et ses marginalités sociales : forces et faiblesses d'une société urbaine originale

**IN :** Marguerat, Yves (dir.) - Garçons et filles des rues dans la ville africaine : diversité et dynamique des marginalités juvéniles à Abidjan, Nairobi, Antananarivo : rapport de l'équipe de recherche Dynamique du Monde des Jeunes de la Rue : recherches compar

**Source :** EHESS, Paris (FRA), 2003, p. 181-196, bibl.

**Date** : 2003, **Cote** : F A010032401/2; M 106PROSO MAR/1

**Pages** : 16, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 148.20ko

**Mots clef** : MADAGASCAR; ANTANANARIVO / ENFANT DE LA RUE; SOCIETE URBAINE; ENFANT; JEUNESSE; VILLE; MARGINALITE; PAUVRETE; POPULATION URBAINE; QUARTIER; ETHNIE; FAMILLE; ECONOMIE; EMPLOI; SCOLARISATION; EXCLUSIONSOCIALE; MILIEU DEFAVORISE; PAUPERISATION  
[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/divers2/010032405.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/divers2/010032405.pdf)

#### 46. MARGUERAT, Yves

Enfants et jeunes de la rue : les processus de l'exclusion

**Source** : Cahiers de Marjuvia (FRA), 1996, No 4, p. 75-77 - Forum d'Agén, 25-27 octobre 1995, Agén, FRA

**Date** : 1996, **Cote** : F B010022047/2; B COL 28/1

**Pages** : 3, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 343.29ko

**Mots clef** : AFRIQUE / ENFANT DE LA RUE; ENFANT; JEUNESSE; EXCLUSION SOCIALE; TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS; FAMILLE; MARGINALITE; PAUVRETE

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/b\\_fdi\\_55-56/010022047.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/b_fdi_55-56/010022047.pdf)

#### 47. MARGUERAT, Yves

Enfants venus dans la rue et enfants nés dans la rue : une problématique différente

**IN** : Marguerat, Yves (dir.) - Garçons et filles des rues dans la ville africaine : diversité et dynamique des marginalités juvéniles à Abidjan, Nairobi, Antananarivo : rapport de l'équipe de recherche Dynamique du Monde des Jeunes de la Rue : recherches compar

**Source** : EHESS, Paris (FRA), 2003, p. 219-231, bibl.

**Date** : 2003, **Cote** : F A010032401/2; M 106PROSO MAR/1

**Pages** : 13, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 116.03ko

**Mots clef** : MADAGASCAR; ANTANANARIVO; ZOMA; ANTSIRABE / MSF.MEDECIENS SANS FRONTIERES; ENFANT DE LA RUE; FOYER D'ACCUEIL; ENFANT; JEUNESSE; MARGINALITE; VILLE; CENTRE VILLE; URBANISATION; POPULATION URBAINE; MILIEU DEFAVORISE; FEMME; TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS; ADOLESCENT

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/divers2/010032407.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/divers2/010032407.pdf)

#### 48. MARGUERAT, Yves

Garçons et filles des rues dans la ville africaine : diversité et dynamique des marginalités juvéniles à Abidjan, Nairobi, Antananarivo : rapport de l'équipe de recherche Dynamique du Monde des Jeunes de la Rue : recherches comparatives sur l'évolution de la marginalité juvénile en Afrique et à Madagascar

**Source** : EHESS, Paris (FRA), 2003, 289 p. multigr., bibl., tabl.

**Date** : 2003, **Cote** : F A010032401/2; M 106PROSO MAR/1

**Pages** : 289, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 2320.78ko

**Mots clef** : AFRIQUE; COTE D'IVOIRE; ABIDJAN; KENYA; NAIROBI; LIBERIA; MADAGASCAR; ANTANANARIVO / ENFANT DE LA RUE; MENDICITE; ENFANT SOLDAT; POLITIQUE PUBLIQUE; VILLE; ENFANT; JEUNESSE; MARGINALITE; MILIEU DEFAVORISE; CENTRE VILLE; BIDONVILLE; TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/divers2/010032401.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/divers2/010032401.pdf)

#### 49. MARGUERAT, Yves

Les "enfants en situation difficile" : une typologie

**IN** : Marguerat, Yves (dir.) - Garçons et filles des rues dans la ville africaine : diversité et dynamique des marginalités juvéniles à Abidjan, Nairobi, Antananarivo : rapport de l'équipe de recherche Dynamique du Monde des Jeunes de la Rue : recherches compar

**Source** : EHESS, Paris (FRA), 2003, p. 275-279, bibl., tabl.

**Date** : 2003, **Cote** : F A010032401/2; M 106PROSO MAR/1

**Pages** : 5, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 40.65ko

**Mots clef** : TIERS MONDE; AFRIQUE / ENFANT DE LA RUE; ENFANT SOLDAT; ENFANT; JEUNESSE;

MARGINALITE; TYPOLOGIE; EXCLUSION SOCIALE; MILIEU DEFAVORISE; MILIEU URBAIN; CENTRE VILLE; QUARTIER; PAUVRETE; BIDONVILLE; TRAVAIL DES ENFANTS; FAMILLE; TRAVAIL DOMESTIQUE  
[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/divers2/010032413.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/divers2/010032413.pdf)

#### **50. MARGUERAT, Yves**

Les actions en faveur des enfants de la rue au Cameroun : relation d'une visite (novembre 1998)

**Source** : Cahiers de Marjuvia (FRA), 1999, No 9, p. 128-136, bibl.

**Date** : 1999, **Cote** : F B010022065/2; B COL 28/1

**Pages** : 9, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 933.51ko

**Mots clef** : CAMEROUN; DOUALA; YAOUNDE; AMADOUA; NGAOUNDERE; EDEA; BAFOUSSAM; YAGOUA; KOUSSERI; MOKOLO / MATER.MAIN TENDUE AUX ENFANTS DE LA RUE; ENFANT DE LA RUE; ACTION SOCIALE; ONG; MISSION RELIGIEUSE; VIE ASSOCIATIVE; ENFANT; EXCLUSION SOCIALE; MARGINALITE; FOYER

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/b\\_fdi\\_55-56/010022065.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/b_fdi_55-56/010022065.pdf)

#### **51. MARGUERAT, Yves**

Les chemins de la rue : essai de synthèse sur les processus de production d'enfants de la rue en Afrique  
**IN** : UCAC, Université Catholique d'Afrique Centrale, Yaoundé, CMR (ed.) - Citadins et ruraux en Afrique subsaharienne

**Source** : Cahiers de l'UCAC (CMR), 1999, No 4, p. 387-403, bibl. - Citadins et Ruraux en Afrique Subsaharienne, 29-31 octobre 1998, Yaoundé, CMR

**Date** : 1999, **Cote** : F B010021795/2

**Pages** : 22, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 1496.96ko

**Mots clef** : AFRIQUE; COTE D'IVOIRE; ABIDJAN; TOGO; NIGERIA / BICE; UNICEF; ENDA TM; ENFANT DE LA RUE; MIGRANT; RELATION PARENT ENFANT; VILLE; SOCIETE URBAINE; HISTOIRE URBAINE; SOCIETE TRADITIONNELLE; CHANGEMENT SOCIAL; SORCELLERIE; SOCIETE RURALE; POPULATION RURALE

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/b\\_fdi\\_55-56/010021795.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/b_fdi_55-56/010021795.pdf)

#### **52. MARGUERAT, Yves**

Les chemins qui mènent à la rue : un essai de synthèse sur les processus de production d'enfants de la rue en Afrique noire

**Source** : Cahiers de Marjuvia (FRA), 1999, No 9, p. 45-55, bibl.

**Date** : 1999, **Cote** : F B010022063/2; B COL 28/1

**Pages** : 11, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 1359.90ko

**Mots clef** : AFRIQUE / BICE; UNICEF; ENDA TIERS MONDE; MARJUVA.MARGINALISATION DES JEUNES DANS LA VILLE AFRICAINE; ENFANT DE LA RUE; RELATION PARENT ENFANT; ANTHROPOLOGIE; ENFANT; VILLE; FAMILLE; PAUVRETE; PAUPERISATION; EXCLUSION SOCIALE; MARGINALITE; MILIEU RURAL

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/b\\_fdi\\_55-56/010022063.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/b_fdi_55-56/010022063.pdf)

#### **53. MARGUERAT, Yves**

Les enfants de la rue : le cas de l'Afrique noire

**IN**: Ministère des Affaires Etrangères, Paris, FRA (ed.); ORSTOM, Paris, FRA (ed.) - Villes et communautés

**Source** : Revue Internationale de Psychosociologie (FRA), 1995, Vol. 2, No 3, p. 47-57, bibl. - Séminaire Préparatoire au Sommet Mondial pour le Développement Social, 09-11 janvier 1995, Royaumont, FRA

**Date** : 1995, **Cote** : F B010005034/2

**Pages** : 16, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 1277.77ko

**Mots clef** : AFRIQUE SUBSAHARIENNE / ENFANT DE LA RUE; CONCEPT; ENFANT; MARGINALITE; TYPOLOGIE; PETIT METIER; MODE DE VIE; FAMILLE; ACTION SOCIALE

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#### **54. MARGUERAT, Yves**

Malheur à la ville dont le prince est un enfant (de la rue) : un essai de synthèse sur la dynamique sociale du monde des enfants de la rue

**IN:** Marguerat, Yves (dir.) - Garçons et filles des rues dans la ville africaine : diversité et dynamique des marginalités juvéniles à Abidjan, Nairobi, Antananarivo : rapport de l'équipe de recherche Dynamique du Monde des Jeunes de la Rue : recherches compar

**Source :** EHESS, Paris (FRA), 2003, p. 235-268, bibl.

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**Mots clef :** TIERS MONDE; AFRIQUE / ENFANT DE LA RUE; RELATIONS PARENT ENFANT; RELATIONM AINE CADET; ENFANT SOLDAT; ENFANT; JEUNESSE; MILIEU DEFAVORISE; PAUVRETE; MARGINALITE; SOCIETE URBAINE; BIDONVILLE; CENTRE VILLE; DELINQUANCE; PROSTITUTION; VIOLENCE

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#### **55. MORAN, Ricardo; CASTRO, Claudio de Moura**

Street-children and the Inter-American Development Bank: Lessons from Brazil

Social Development Division, Sustainable Development Department, Inter-American Development Bank Discussion Paper, March 13, 1997. – 31 p.

<http://www.dreamscanbe.org/Reasearch%20Page%20Docs/Moran%20and%20Moura%20Castro%20-%20Street%20children%20and%20the%20IDB.pdf>

#### **56. MARGUERAT, Yves**

Rue sans issue : réflexions sur le devenir spontané des enfants de la rue

**Source :** Cahiers de Marjuvia (FRA), 1997, No 5, p. 84-92, bibl. - Jeunes, culture de la rue et violence urbaine en Afrique : Colloque, 07-09 mai 1997, Abidjan, SEN

**Date :** 1997, **Cote :** F B010022051/2; B COL 28/1

**Pages :** 9, **Taille** (si téléchargement complet) : 1018.39ko

**Mots clef :** AFRIQUE; TOGO; LOME; AMERIQUE LATINE; COLOMBIE; ASIE / ENFANT DE LA RUE; ENFANT; EXCLUSION SOCIALE; MARGINALITE; URBANISATION; CENTRE VILLE; FAMILLE; DESTRUCTURATION SOCIALE; INTEGRATION SOCIALE; MORTALITE JUVENILE; GROUPE D'AGE; DELINQUANCE; VIOLENCE

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_7/b\\_fdi\\_55-56/010022051.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_7/b_fdi_55-56/010022051.pdf)

#### **57. MORICE, Alain ; SCHLEMMER, Bernard**

La mise au travail des enfants : une problématique à investir / Child Labour: An Issue for Investigation *Labour, Capital and Society*, / *Travail, Capital et Société*, Vol. 27, No. 2, 1994, p. 287-294

**Abstract:** This commentary provides a summary of the main issues that were discussed during an international conference entitled "The Exploited Child — Work and Proletarianization" that was held in Paris from 24-26 November 1994. Thirty-eight papers were presented from researchers coming from around the world. The value of the conference stems from the fact that it both demonstrated the insufficient attention given to the issue of exploited child labour by the scientific community, and emphasized the importance of the concerns around child labour data when examining social transformations. Regardless of the extent and quality of the work accomplished so far, studies on child labour appear to suffer from a lack of theoretical rigour. Most of the work to date has focused on the denunciation of child labour — which is without question justified — but it has not given sufficient attention to a clarification of different objective conditions and the conceptual tools needed. Much of this work gets put into the same basket simply under the argument of indignation. Some questions raised during the conference included: where do we draw the line between the necessary socialization of children and domestic labour which prevents children from attending school? How do we distinguish between exploitation and oppression when examining child labour? What is the relation of child labour to paternalism? How do the laws of neo-liberalism, which act to deregulate and reduce the cost of labour, impinge on the proletarianization of children? The full text of the Proceedings will be published by the organizers of the conference in 1995. [Abstract from author]

<http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/pdf?vid=14&hid=107&sid=93b072f2-85e7-4c8b-b320-813f6a2f8217%40sessionmgr111>

**58. MOYER, Eileen Marie**

Street-corner Justice in the Name of Jah: Imperatives for Peace Among Dar es Salaam Street Youth  
*Africa Today*, Vol. 51, No. 3, 2004/05, p. 31-58

**Abstract:** Young men throughout the world seem fascinated with Bob Marley. Especially fascinated with him are poor, disenfranchised youths, like those living and working in the streets of Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, who are the subjects of this article. What is it about Bob Marley and Rastafari-inspired discourses of peace and love that make them so appealing? Why are street youths throughout the world growing dreads and praising Jah? By taking a close look at internal peacekeeping strategies employed on a specific street corner located in the middle of the central business district of Dar es Salaam, this article demonstrates that such questions are best answered from a local perspective. While Marley's global appeal may be attributed to shared experiences of inequality, the ways this popularity emerges locally sheds light on the particularities of those experiences.

<http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/pdf?vid=17&hid=107&sid=78682a8f-49b0-4015-80b8-1fbf55686743%40sessionmgr110>

**59. NIEUWENHUYTS, Olga**

By the Sweat of Their Brow? 'Street Children', NGOs and Children's Rights in Addis Ababa  
*Africa: Journal of the International African Institute*, Vol. 71, No. 4, 2001, p. 539-557

**Abstract:** In the past two decades NGOs helping 'street children' in Addis Ababa have distinguished themselves by their adherence to highly controversial assumptions about the nature of childhood and the failure of the poor to raise their children in ways that they conceive as 'proper'. The ratification of the UN Declaration on the Rights of the Child by the Ethiopian government has inspired them to stop food relief in order to persuade the children in their care to seek a way out of their miserable ways of life through work on the street. In a remarkable replication of late Victorian philanthropic thinking, NGOs dispel hereby local middle-class fears that relief agencies may foster truancy and idleness and reassuringly define the code--work--that confers legitimacy on children's presence on the streets. Anticipating their escape from undeniably harsh and unjust family relations, the children of the poor are enticed into accepting this solution as the price of a 'decent' and morally acceptable childhood. They remain nevertheless highly critical of the rights-based approach, claiming that in the name of their rights they are denied what used to be children's normal entitlement such as protected food prices, free basic health and education. The article is based on the findings of an action research project by social workers among the children assisted by eight Addis Ababa-based NGOs in the period 1996-98.

**Résumé :** Au cours des deux dernières décennies, des ONG d'aide aux enfants des rues se sont distinguées à Addis-Abeba en adhérant à des idées extrêmement controversées concernant la nature de l'enfance et l'incapacité des pauvres à élever leurs enfants d'une manière qu'elles considèrent comme convenable. La ratification de la Déclaration des droits de l'enfant de l'ONU par le gouvernement éthiopien les a incitées à suspendre l'aide alimentaire pour persuader les enfants dont elles ont la charge de trouver un moyen d'échapper à leurs conditions de vie misérables en travaillant dans la rue. A l'image de la pensée philanthropique de la fin de l'époque victorienne, ces ONG dissipent en ce faisant la crainte des classes moyennes locales de voir les organisations humanitaires encourager l'absentéisme scolaire et l'oisiveté, et définissent de façon rassurante le code: le travail, qui confère une légitimité à la présence des enfants dans la rue. Désireux d'échapper à des rapports familiaux indéniablement difficiles et injustes, les enfants des familles pauvres se laissent persuader d'accepter cette solution comme le prix d'une enfance décente et moralement acceptable. Ils demeurent néanmoins très critiques à l'égard de l'approche axée sur les droits, affirmant qu'au nom de ces droits on leur refuse ce à quoi ils avaient autrefois normalement droit, comme la protection du prix des denrées alimentaires, ainsi que des soins de santé et une éducation de base gratuits. L'article se base sur les conclusions d'une étude active réalisée entre 1996 et 1998 par des travailleurs sociaux auprès d'enfants aidés par huit ONG établies à Addis-Abeba.

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/1161579>

**60. O'Kane, Claire**

Street and Working Children's Participation in Programming for their Rights  
*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No. 1, Spring 2003

**Abstract:** This paper draws conceptual and practical lessons from the experiences of Butterflies Programme of Street and Working Children in Delhi, India, within the historical and political framework of child rights-participation focused work in South Asia. It creates space for children's own experiences, perceptions, and concerns as a central component of child focused development work. Empowering street and working children to reflect upon their experiences, articulate their views, plan effective programs and advocate for their own rights will enable them to challenge the status quo regarding children's place and power in society.

The lessons are relevant to current academic discourse on the social construction of childhoods and to debates concerning good development practice with marginalized children. Preparing adults to listen to children can help minimize conflicts that may arise when street children advocate for their own rights due to disparities in power and differing perceptions among stakeholders (e.g., parents, police, non-government organizations). The paper also advocates for strategic approaches that build upon children's self esteem and give them access to key decision-makers.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/Okane-forFinalVersion\\_Vol13\(1\).pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/Okane-forFinalVersion_Vol13(1).pdf)

**61. ORUWARI, Yomi; OWEI, Opuene**

Youth in Urban Violence in Nigeria. A Case Study of Urban Gangs from Port Harcourt  
Washington: The United States Institute of Peace; Institute of International Studies; Berkeley: University of California; Port Harcourt: Our Niger Delta, 2006. – 22 p.

(Niger Delta Economies of Violence Working papers, Working Paper No. 14)

<http://geography.berkeley.edu/ProjectsResources/ND%20Website/NigerDelta/WP/14-Oruwari.pdf>

**62. PANTER-BRICK, Catherine**

Street Children, Human Rights, and Public Health: A Critique and Future Directions  
*Children, Youth and Environments*, Volume 13, No. 1, Spring 2003

**Abstract:** This review presents a critique of the academic and welfare literature on street children in developing countries, with supporting evidence from studies of homelessness in industrialized nations. The turn of the twenty-first century has seen a sea change of perspective in studies concerning street youth. This review examines five stark criticisms of the category "street child" and of research that focuses on the identifying characteristics of a street lifestyle rather than on the children themselves and the depth or diversity of their actual experiences. Second, it relates the change of approach to a powerful human rights discourse—the legal and conceptual framework provided by the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child—which emphasizes children's rights as citizens and recognizes their capabilities to enact change in their own lives. Finally, this article examines literature focusing specifically on the risks to health associated with street or homeless lifestyles. Risk assessment that assigns street children to a category "at risk" should not overshadow helpful analytical approaches focusing on children's resiliency and Republished with permission from Annual Review of Anthropology, long-term career life prospects. This review thus highlights some of the challenging academic and practical questions that have been raised regarding current understandings of street children.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13\\_1Articles/panter-brick.pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13_1Articles/panter-brick.pdf)

**63. POWER, Kevina; VARNEY, Darcy; RAGAN, Doug; KORENIG, Karun**

Youth in Urban Development: Bringing Ideas into Action  
Children, Youth & Environments Center, University of Colorado, February 2009. – 51 p.  
Working Paper CYE-WP2-2009

<http://www.cudenver.edu/Academics/Colleges/ArchitecturePlanning/discover/centers/CYE/Publications/Documents/CYE-WP2-2009%20website%20version.pdf>

**64. RAVOLOLOMANGA, Bodo ; Schlemmer, Bernard**

De l'enfant richesse à l'enfant fardeau: l'enfant au travail à Madagascar et sa place dans l'imaginaire social / From the Child as Wealth to the Child as Burden: Child Labour in Madagascar and its Place in the Social Imagination

*Labour, Capital and Society / Travail, Capital et Société*, Vol. 27, No. 2, p. 217-232

**Abstract:** Madagascar has been undergoing an economic crisis during the past twenty years. In order to survive, many families, both in the countryside and in urban centres, have no other choice but to depend on the support of their children. This article presents an overview of the sources as well as the consequences of Madagascar's economic crisis. In particular, it examines changes occurring in the family structure and in the lives of children. The authors note that in the context of the growing economic crisis in Madagascar, child labour is considered a vital necessity. They examine the different types of work that children are subjected to and in order to illustrate these types of work, two case studies are presented. The authors conclude that the incidence of child labour can be accounted for by economic necessity but that there is also a prevalent cultural ideology that supports the work of children. [Abstract from author]

**Résumé:** La crise économique a été particulièrement violente à Madagascar. L'ampleur et la rapidité de la dégradation des conditions de vie de la masse de la population entraîne une aggravation parallèle des conditions de travail. Pour parvenir à simplement survivre, nombreuses sont les familles qui n'ont plus d'autres choix que de faire en sorte que leurs enfants contribuent au revenu familial. Cet article, fondé sur une enquête effectuée, en grande partie, entre 1992 et 1993 dans le district d'Ambohimahasoà, décrit la condition de l'enfant au travail à Madagascar. La situation la plus fréquente c'est le placement chez des particuliers, où les enfants accomplissent divers travaux domestiques. Les enfants qui ne trouvent pas de travail domestique font, pour la plupart, le colportage de nourriture et de troncs de pin qui servent à allumer le charbon de bois ou le bois de chauffage. Des jeunes garçons tirent également les charrettes pour le transport des sacs de marchandises. Quant aux enfants des paysans qui restent au village, ceux-ci se trouvent obligés de manquer l'école pendant la période des travaux des champs, ou même d'abandonner leurs études pour assister leurs parents. Dans la grande ville, la mendicité occupe une place sensiblement plus importante. [Résumé ASC Leiden]

<http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/pdf?vid=9&hid=107&sid=93b072f2-85e7-4c8b-b320-813f6a2f8217%40sessionmgr111>

**65. RICHTER, Linda ; VAN DER WALT, Michelle**

The Psychological Assessment of South African Street Children  
*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No. 1, Spring 2003

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/PsychAssessmt\\_AfricaInsight.pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/PsychAssessmt_AfricaInsight.pdf)

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**66. RIISØEN, Kari Hauge; HATLØY, Anne; BJERKAN, Lise**

Travel to Uncertainty: A Study of Child Relocation in Burkina Faso, Ghana and Mali  
Oslo: Fafo Institute for Applied Social Science, 2004.- 57 p.

Fafo-report 440 / ISBN: 82-7422-435-3

**Abstract:** This report presents the results of the link between child trafficking and child relocation in three West-African countries: Burkina Faso, Ghana, and Mali. The main goal of the study was to detect whether traditional forms of child relocation, such as fostering and child migration, have preventive effect on child trafficking – or on the contrary whether they increase trafficking. Principal findings are that all working children in the three countries are at risk of being exploited, regardless of migration status; that the same children that are more exposed to trafficking are also to some extent more exposed to exploitation in general; and that some arenas and employers are more exploitative than others.

The report is the second in a series of working papers from a Fafo research program on child labour, generously financed by the Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

<http://www.fafo.no/pub/rapp/440/440.pdf>

**67. RIZZINI, Irene; BUTLER, Udi Mandel**

Life Trajectories of Children and Adolescents Living on the Streets of Rio de Janeiro  
*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No.1, Spring 2003

**Abstract :** This paper presents some of the research findings from a study of street children in Rio de Janeiro which was undertaken by the authors together with a team of street educators. The paper highlights the children's life trajectories in terms of their own perceptions and representations and addresses key themes, such as the family, the process of going to the street and day to day living on the street. It discusses relationships with regard to the formation of groups and children's interaction with adults on the street, and the processes of identity formation on the street which includes the perception of self and of others. The children's perceptions of the positive and negative aspects of the street and their hopes for the future are discussed.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/Lifetrajectories\\_Vol13\(1\).pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13ArticleReprints/Lifetrajectories_Vol13(1).pdf)

**68. RODRIGUEZ-TORRES, Deyssi**

Le Gang Serena : origine et production d'une contre-société de la rue à Nairobi  
*Politique Africaine*, No. 63, Octobre 1996, p. 61-71

/ENFANT DES RUES/ /PAUVRETE/ /VIOLENCE/ /RECESSION ECONOMIQUE/ /AJUSTEMENT STRUCTUREL/  
/ENFANTS ABANDONNES/ /EDUCATION/ /SECURITE/ /PROBLEMES SOCIAUX/ /URBANISATION/ /GROUPES  
D'AGE/ /DELINQUANCE/ /RELATIONS ETAT-SOCIETE/ /KENYA/ /NAIROBI/

/STREETCHILDREN/ /POVERTY/ /VIOLENCE/ /ECONOMIC RECESSION/ /STRUTURAL ADJUSTMENT/  
/ABANDONED CHILDREN/ /EDUCATION/ /SAFETY/ /SOCIAL PROBLEMS/ /URBANIZATION/ /AGE GROUPS/  
/DELINQUENCY/ /STATE-SOCIETY RELATIONS/ /KENYA/ /NAIROBI/

<http://www.politique-africaine.com/numeros/pdf/063061.pdf>

**69. RUREVO, Rumbidzai; BOURDILLON, Michael**

Girls: The Less Visible Street Children of Zimbabwe  
*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No. 1, Spring 2003

**Abstract:** This article arises from descriptive research on a number of street girls in Harare, based on meeting the girls where they operated and interviewing them informally several times over a two-month period. It looks at the background of poverty and family disintegration that resulted in the children being on the streets. It comments on public perceptions of street girls. The girls develop coping mechanisms: those living on the streets generally rely at least occasionally on the trade of sex. The article briefly discusses the difficulty of finding appropriate intervention, pointing to the intolerable damage to the lives of the girls on the one hand and their resistance to compulsory removal from the streets on the other. Finally, it points to the need of attitudinal changes in society.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13\\_1Articles/CYE\\_CurrentIssue\\_Article\\_Girls\\_Rurevo\\_Bourdillon.htm](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13_1Articles/CYE_CurrentIssue_Article_Girls_Rurevo_Bourdillon.htm)

**70. SAMARA, Tony Roshan**

Youth, Crime and Urban Renewal in the Western Cape  
*Journal of Southern African Studies*, Vol. 31, No. 1, March, 2005, p. 209-227

**Abstract:** Urban renewal in South Africa involves contending with a combination of high crime rates, increasing inequality and growing public frustration. In Cape Town, urban planners are attempting to stimulate economic growth, in part, by turning the city into a 'world class' destination for investment and tourists. In taking this approach, the authorities cite crime as the primary obstacle to urban renewal. This study examines the politics of urban renewal in Cape Town's Central Business District, paying particular attention to efforts to control the presence of street children in the central city. I argue that the attention given to street children and the negative impact they are said to have on urban renewal constitutes a moral



panic driven by and contributing to a vision of development that leaves relatively untouched the inequalities of apartheid. In defining street children primarily as a threat to social order, local elites, including the media, police and renewal authorities, are reproducing deeply embedded and recurring notions of a 'black menace' that emerge during times of real or perceived social upheaval and threats to social 'order'. My contention is that this panic is indicative of an ongoing struggle over urban public space that expresses a deeper conflict regarding changes in the city, which has to do with unresolved contradictions of race and class. This criminalisation of street children raises serious doubts as to how well new progressive approaches to both crime reduction and development will survive urban renewal efforts that many feel reproduce the city's division into developed and underdeveloped areas.

<http://www.jstor.org/stable/25064979>

**71. SHAW, Margaret; TSCHIWULA, Lullu**

Youth and Justice Developing Citizenship among Urban Youth in Conflict with the Law

A paper commissioned by the Safer Cities Programme of UN-HABITAT

*Environment&Urbanization*, Vol. 14, No. 2 October 2002, 70 p.

**Abstract:** This paper summarizes the outcome of an international conference on addressing the issue of urban youth in conflict with the law in Africa. It discusses the most effective responses to youth crime and violence which centre on prevention and inclusion (especially of youth in government) rather than exclusion, punishment and incarceration. It also highlights the key role for local governments in developing effective local responses that draw in and support all key local actors (parents, schools, police, and businesses).

<http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/interest/shaw.pdf>

**72. SOMMERFELT, Tone (ed.)**

Domestic Child Labour in Morocco: An Analysis of the Parties Involved in Relationships to "Petites Bonnes"  
Oslo: Fafo Institute for Applied Social Science, 2001. - 82 p.

Fafo Report 370

ISBN 82-7422-352-7 / ISSN 0801-6143

**Abstract:** Many of the maids who work in households in Moroccan cities and town are young girls. This report is an analysis of the phenomenon of "small maids", or "petites bonnes", in Morocco, in a child labour perspective. Drawing on survey data, and anthropological and qualitative research techniques, the report describes the extent, social organisation, and economic contexts of child domestic labour in Morocco. By focusing on the views and opportunity situations of parents, employers, middlemen, and young girls themselves, the social relationships that shape the living and working conditions of "small maids" are analysed. In a final chapter, possible interventions in these relationships are assessed.

The report is the outcome of a study funded by Save the Children-UK.

<http://www.fafon.no/pub/370.pdf>

**73. SOMMERS, Marc**

Urbanization, Pentecostalism, and Urban Refugee Youth in Africa

Boston, MA: African Studies Center, Boston University, 2000. - 26 p.

[Working papers in African studies](#), No. 231

[http://repository.forcedmigration.org/show\\_metadata.jsp?pid=fmo:3775](http://repository.forcedmigration.org/show_metadata.jsp?pid=fmo:3775)

**74. TADELE, Getnet**

Bleak Prospects: Young Men, Sexuality and HIV/AIDS in an Ethiopian Town

Leiden: African Studies Centre, 2006. - X, 282 p.

(Research report / African Studies Centre; 80) Also doctoral diss. UvA. - Ook verschenen als proefschrift Universiteit van Amsterdam, 2005

ISBN 90-5448-065-3 / ISBN 978-90-5448-065-5

**Abstract:** The study of sexuality in Ethiopia has until now remained largely the domain of medical scientists, public health professionals and epidemiologists; barely touched upon by sociologists, anthropologists and other social scientists. To the author's knowledge, no study has been carried out about the perceptions of different sexual practices in Ethiopia. This book is therefore a pioneering work that explores how young people in the Ethiopian town of Dessie express their sexuality and are experiencing HIV/AIDS in their daily lives. It also considers how poverty and other related structural factors are linked to HIV/AIDS infection and other processes affecting the sexuality of young people, how young people and key informants receive, interpret and evaluate ongoing interventions, and what can be done to reduce infection rates. The book provides insights into the role and interrelationship of the underlying structural, social and cultural factors in the context of HIV/AIDS transmission and prevention.

<http://en.scientificcommons.org/16434956>

**75. TOGUNDE, Dimeji; RICHARDSON, Sarah**

Household Size and Composition as Correlates of Child Labour in Urban Nigeria  
*Africa Development / Afrique Development*, Vol. 31, No. 1, 2006, p. 50-65

**Abstract:** This paper draws on interviews with 1,535 parents and their children to examine the relationship between child labour and various household variables in urban Nigeria, where child labour studies have been very limited. The authors provide a comprehensive overview of the household factors and residential dynamics through which child labour evolves. Their findings demonstrate the usefulness of the household production theory in explaining the socioeconomic ramifications and household context of child labour. The findings indicate that although child labour is mostly caused by poverty and the need to prepare children with skills and training useful for future occupations, the size of the household, number of children in the household, number of children contributing to the household income, child's age, and age at which child started working are all significantly and positively correlated with children's hours of work. However, gender of the children or of the household head and age of the household head have little or no relationship with children's hours of work. Additionally, parental socioeconomic status and family structure variables are associated with fewer hours of children's work. The findings have implications for policies aimed at regulating child labour in Nigeria.

[http://www.codesria.org/Links/Publications/ad1\\_2006/dimeji.pdf](http://www.codesria.org/Links/Publications/ad1_2006/dimeji.pdf)

**76. TOTO, J.P.**

Les enfants de la rue à Brazzaville : éducation, famille et stratégies de survie

**IN :** Livenais, Patrick (ed.); Vaugelade, Jacques (ed.) - Education, changements démographiques et développement

**Source :** ORSTOM, Paris (FRA), 1993, p. 125-130, bibl., tabl. - (Colloques et Séminaires (FRA)) - 4. Journées Démographiques - ORSTOM, 18-19 septembre 1991, Paris, FRA

**Date :** 1993, **Cote :** F A39328/2; B CB52 60/1; M CM 11/1; M 106EDUC PAR/1

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**Mots clef :** CONGO; BRAZZAVILLE / ENFANT DE LA RUE; MARGINALITE; PAUVRETE; SURVIE; ECHEC SCOLAIRE; FAMILLE; EDUCATION DES ENFANTS; DONNEES STATISTIQUES

[http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins\\_textes/pleins\\_textes\\_6/colloques2/39328.pdf](http://www.bondy.ird.fr/pleins_textes/pleins_textes_6/colloques2/39328.pdf)

**77. UNESCO, Harare Office**

Final Report of the Workshop for Street Children in Eastern and Southern Africa, 21 to 25 November 1994, Harare. – 89 p.

Organised and Sponsored by Unesco, Harare Office, Venue: Cresta Oasis Hotel, Harare, Zimbabwe

<http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0010/001016/101602Eb.pdf>

**78. UNICEF, Innocenti Research Centre. Florence, Italy**

Poverty and Exclusion among Urban Children

Florence: Italy, 2002. - 32 p. (Innocenti Digest, No. 10)

**Abstract:** The cities of the world are often regarded as hubs of wealth and privilege, but they are also home to hundreds of millions of children for whom poverty and exclusion are a daily reality. Some of these children live on the street; many more live in dangerous, insanitary housing which often lacks the most basic amenities, including clean water and satisfactory sanitation.

These urban children rarely have access to adequate services, including schooling, or to safe areas for play and recreation. The imperative of economic survival can mean not only that parents are unable to dedicate sufficient time to childcare, but also that children themselves are forced to work, often in hazardous conditions. Yet all this need not be the case: this Digest examines the potential of good urban governance founded upon human rights principles to promote positive change for and with children. The key to eradicating urban poverty and exclusion lies in the development of child-friendly cities where children's rights are made a priority in budgeting, planning and resource allocation and where children's voices inform the democratic process.

<http://www.childfriendlycities.org/pdf/digest10e.pdf>

#### **79. VAN BEERS, Henk**

A Plea for a Child-Centered Approach in Research with Street Children  
*Children, Youth and Environments*, Vol. 13, No.1, Spring 2003

**Abstract:** The public image of street children takes little account of root causes of the problem or their own perceptions of the realities of their lives. Their relationship to urban life is seldom analyzed and it is rare to see street girls mentioned without a link being made between their lives on the street and prostitution. A plea is made for a more child-centered, participatory approach to research with street children and some recent examples of this kind of work are discussed.

[http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13\\_1/Vol13\\_1Articles/CHD%203\(2\)%20van%20Beers.pdf](http://www.colorado.edu/journals/cye/13_1/Vol13_1Articles/CHD%203(2)%20van%20Beers.pdf)

#### **80. VAN DIJK, Dana Adriana**

'Beyond their Age': Coping of Children and Young People in Child-Headed Households in South Africa  
Leiden: African Studies Centre, 2008. – xiv-292 p.  
(African studies collection, ISSN 1876-018X; 14)

**Abstract:** This study concentrates on the capacity of children and young people to cope in child-headed households in Port Elizabeth, South Africa. In contrast to the dominant view of these children as vulnerable and in need of protection and support by family and community members, this study focuses on the coping strategies of these youngsters and their access to support and its quality. It analyses coping from two approaches: the livelihood approach and the task model of coping. It assumes social assets or social capital to be fundamental for children and young people in child-headed households. The study further addresses the problematic of conceptualizing child-headed households in the South African context. This new type of information provides valuable insights on how such households could be supported in a more effective way.  
[ASC Leiden abstract]

[http://webdoc.ubn.ru.nl/mono/d/dijk\\_d\\_van/beyothag.pdf](http://webdoc.ubn.ru.nl/mono/d/dijk_d_van/beyothag.pdf)

#### **81. VERLET, Martin**

Grandir à Nima: dérégulation domestique et mise au travail des enfants / Growing up in Nima : Domestic Deregulation and Child Labour  
*Labour, Capital and Society, Travail, Capital et Société*, Vol. 27, No. 2, 1994, p. 162-190

**Abstract:** Since 1983 Ghana has been subjected to "structural adjustment policies" inspired and prescribed by international financial institutions of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank. Some of the effects of the structural adjustment programs have been the deregulation of the job market, of social legislation, of institutional structures and of the economy. This article presents an overview of the detrimental effects that these phenomena have had on domestic units and on families in Nima. As a proletarianized suburb and disinherited slum of Accra, Nima is viewed as a melting pot for the Ghanaian working class. The article focuses on the rising incidence of child labour in the urban milieu and suggests

that the exploitation of children is often disguised behind the precepts of good faith and "serviceability". The author maintains that economic deregulation corresponds to a process of social and domestic deregulation and examines the correlation between these two processes. [Abstract from author]

**Résumé:** Cette analyse de la mise au travail des enfants en milieu urbain ghanéen a pour terrain d'observation un quartier déshérité d'Accra: Nima, où des observations ont été conduites de juillet 1993 à novembre 1994. Dans un premier temps, près de 200 entretiens ont été menés avec des enfants au travail. Au delà d'une identification des types de labeur et des formes d'exploitation, on s'est intéressé aux gains, aux dépenses, aux pratiques de consommation, aux budgets-temps. Dans une seconde phase, l'observation s'est déplacée vers les mécanismes de la mise au travail précoce, les filières d'embauche et les chaînes de recrutement, avant de se concentrer sur les milieux de travail. Enfin, on s'est appliqué à mieux discerner le fonctionnement des unités domestiques sous ajustement et l'incidence du recours au travail des enfants. La crise que traversent les familles et les unités domestiques au Ghana se déploie sur près d'une décennie sous l'effet des politiques d'ajustement structurel inspirées par le FMI et la Banque mondiale. (Résumé ASC Leiden)

<http://web.ebscohost.com/ehost/pdf?vid=19&hid=107&sid=3f1788da-f593-4400-aab4-2dfffc4f49a2%40sessionmgr110>

## **82. VOLPI, Elena**

Street Children: Promising Practices and Approaches

Washington: World Bank Institute, The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, The World Bank, 2002. – 37 p.

**Abstract:** In many regions of the world, the phenomenon of street children is unabated, while it is emerging in others where it was unknown so far. Behind child disconnection lie highly vulnerable families and communities, many struggling to come to terms with economic liberalization and growing inequality. Disconnection can also be traced to a lack of communication in the family and the weakening of social capital. Street children are an alarm signaling the dire need for social development and poverty reduction policies to improve the situation in the community at large, and to prevent more young people from becoming marginalized. While preventive interventions are essential, those children already facing the hardships of street life need immediate opportunities for human development via special protection programs. This report distills the main lessons learned from a number of programs that have attempted to meet the special needs of street children worldwide. Its purpose is to help potential donors understand activities in this area and identify promising practices.

<http://siteresources.worldbank.org/WBI/Resources/wbi37196.pdf>

## **83. WHITEHEAD, Ann; HASHIM, Iman, M.; IVERSEN, VEGARD**

Child Migration, Child Agency and Inter-Generational Relations in Africa and South Asia,

Brighton: Development Research Centre on Migration, Globalisation and Poverty, University of Sussex, December 2007. - 46 p. (Working Paper T24)

## **84. WILLIAMS-ØRBERG, Elizabeth**

The 'Paradox' of Being Young in New Delhi: Urban Middle Class

Youth Negotiations with Popular Indian film

Lund: Centre for East and South-East Asian Studies, Lund University, 2008. - 39 p.

(Working Papers in Contemporary Asian Studies; 24)

ISBN: 919757273X / ISBN: 9789197572736

[http://www.lu.se/images/Syd\\_och\\_sydstasienstudier/working\\_papers/Williams\\_Oerberg.E.pdf](http://www.lu.se/images/Syd_och_sydstasienstudier/working_papers/Williams_Oerberg.E.pdf)

## **85. WORLD URBAN FORUM 3 ; WORLD YOUTH FORUM**

Youth in Urban Development: Bringing Ideas into Action

Discussion Paper, 2006. – 36 p.

<http://www.eya.ca/wuf/WYF%202006%20Discussion%20Paper.doc>

## Part III : Journals / Partie III : Revues

### 1. Childhood. A Global Journal of Child Research

ISSN: 0907-5682 (paper / papier)

ISSN: 1461-7013 (electronic / électronique)

Frequency / Périodicité: Quarterly / Trimestriel

Childhood is a major international peer reviewed journal and a forum for research relating to children in global society that spans divisions between geographical regions, disciplines, and social and cultural contexts. Childhood publishes theoretical and empirical articles, reviews and scholarly comments on children's social relations and culture, with an emphasis on their rights and generational position in society.

<http://www.sagepub.com/journalsProdDesc.nav?prodId=Journal200979>

### 2. Children, Youth and Environments

The CYE Journal is the world's leading publication for the latest news on children, youth and their environments. Endorsed by UN-Habitat and guided by a distinguished Editorial Advisory Board, the Journal is a one-stop online resource, which supports the sharing of knowledge across disciplinary and national boundaries.

<http://www.cudenver.edu/Academics/Colleges/ArchitecturePlanning/discover/centers/CYE/Publications/Pages/Journal.aspx>

### 3. Journal of Youth Studies

ISSN: 1367-6261 (paper / paper)

ISSN: 1469-9680 (electronic / électronique)

Frequency / Périodicité: 6 issues per year / 6 numéros par an

Journal of Youth Studies is an international scholarly journal devoted to a theoretical and empirical understanding of young people's experiences and life contexts. Over the last decade, changing socio-economic circumstances have had important implications for young people: new opportunities have been created, but the risks of marginalisation and exclusion have also become significant. This is the background against which Journal of Youth Studies has been launched, with the aim of becoming the key multidisciplinary journal for academics with interests relating to youth and adolescence.

Journal of Youth Studies is focused upon young people within a range of contexts, such as education, the labour market and the family, and highlights key research themes such as the construction of identity, the use of leisure time, involvement in crime, consumption and political behaviour. The journal particularly encourages the submission of articles which highlight interconnections between the different spheres of young people's lives (such the transition from school to work) and articles which offer a critical perspective on social policies which affect young people.

Journal of Youth Studies brings together social scientists working in a range of disciplines. These include sociology, psychology, education, social policy, political science, economics, anthropology and social geography.

<http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~db=all~content=t713393791~tab=summary>